THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

n North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 144. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,851

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.



SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

Port Almanac—September 12.

Sun Rises	5.39 A M
Sun Sets	6.13 P M
Day's Length	12 h 35 m
High Water at Southport	1.21 A M
High Water at Wilmington	3.08 A M

The Weather.

U S DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N C., Sept. 12

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 75°; 8 p. m., 76°; maximum, 83°; minimum, 70°; mean 76°.

Rainfall for the day .29; rainfall for the month up to date, 4.40.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, fair; easterly to southerly winds.

For South Carolina, fair in the interior; showers on the coast; easterly wind.

OUTLINES

Capt J. H. Sands has been assigned to the command of the cruiser Columbia, relieving Capt. Geo. W. Sumner, who was recently tried by court-martial. —— Four men were killed at Louisville, Ky., by the explosion of the caisson of a gun, which was to be used in the G. A. R. parade. —— The silver convention called to meet in Raleigh on the 25th has been indorsed by the Populists. —— At Lancaster, Pa., several tobacco warehouses, with their contents, were burned, causing a loss of over $150,000. —— The South Carolina Constitutional Convention began its session yesterday with a rush, and for three quarters of an hour things were lively. —— The strike movement among the coke workers in Pennsylvania is rapidly gaining a foothold. —— Henry of Navarre was the winner in the great race at Sheepshead Bay; ten thousand people were present. —— Fifty thousand ex-soldiers of the Union were in the G. A. R. parade in Louisville yesterday. —— "Kit" Leftwich, the negro rapist, who was sentenced to be hanged October 11th at Bristol, Tenn., had to be removed to prevent a mob from lynching him. —— The Regatta Committee has rendered a decision in the case of the protest against Valkyrie, awarding Tuesday's race to the Defender. —— The Pennsylvania State Democratic Convention met at Williamsport yesterday; a platform was adopted and State officers nominated. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1 per cent., last loan at 1 and closing offered at 1 per cent.; cotton quiet—middling gulf 8 9-16 cents; middling 8 5-16 cents; Southern flour was dull and weak—common to fair extra $2.00@2.70; good to choice $2.80@3.00; wheat active for export at lower quotations—No. 2 red in store and at elevator 61½@61¾c; afloat 61¾@61½c; corn weaker and fairly active—No. 2 at elevator 38⅜@38⅝c; afloat 39¼@39⅝c; spirits turpentine dull but steady at 27¼@27¾c; rosin quiet but steady—strained common to good $1 47½@1 52½.

The woman who ballasted her stockings with sand before dropping from the Brooklyn bridge, had a level head. With her lead there will probably be frequent draws on the sand bank.

The Chilian Government has, with the consent of Kaiser William, secured the services of twenty-four German officers, of rank from Sergeant to Colonel, to reorganize the Chilian army. They are to have a three years' job.

Col. Watterson, of Louisville, is quoted as saying that he will never make another political speech. If the example should prove catching and several thousand more welkin-renders should follow it what a nice, quiet time we might have in this country.

A correspondent from Vanceboro makes the pertinent inquiry that if money is not the creation of law—as alleged by gold monometallists—why are there laws against counterfeiting and why are detectives employed to trap counterfeiters and protect this money?

A telegram from Indiana announces that Henry Watterson has gone out of politics. It may be incidentally remarked that the versatile Colonel has been essaying a very difficult role for some time, hence this announcement is not a surprise.

The New Orleans *States* has discovered in some way, which it does not make public, that there is "every reason to believe that Secretary Carlisle will be the Democratic nominee for the Presidency in 1896." This will be interesting information to a half dozen or so gentlemen who are looking in that direction.

A disobedient boy in Iowa killed five people and wounded several more and blew a shanty to pieces with one shot. In the shanty near where some dams were being constructed, was stored 150 pounds of dynamite. The boy was shooting at a target near the shanty. He was told to stop, but paid no attention to it, when a stray ball passed through the side of the shanty into the dynamite, causing an explosion which blew the shanty into splinters, killing five persons, his father, mother, two brothers and another person, and severely injuring three others, one of whom was his sister.

In an interview, on his arrival at New York, from his European trip, ex-Speaker Crisp expressed the opinion that Mr. Wm. C. Whitney had the right kind of Presidential timber in him. If we have to go to New York for a selection, Mr. Whitney will come about as near fitting as any one we know of up there, but we would like to see a change in the programme. The repeated nomination of New York men is becoming monotonous.

A Philadelphia correspondent of the New York *Sun* says Senator Quay has blood in his eye for Senator Cameron, who took no interest in Quay's case when he was beset by the combine, which he finally routed. He now proposes to show his appreciation of Cameron's indifference by using his influence and power to prevent Cameron's return to the Senate.

The young lady in St. Joseph, Mo., who threw her arms around a strange young man whom she met on the street and kissed him without warning, was not insane. She only "couldn't help it," because he looked so much like "a real man." The strange young man thought her performance strange, but he stood it like a man and never winced.

A Georgia paper announces that "Hoke Smith is making some ringing speeches in Georgia." Hoke is now in the ring.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT AUCTION—Rental of market stalls
JOHNSON & FORE—New Fall goods.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

LOST—Gold chain.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Scuppernong grapes sold in the market yesterday at $1 per bushel.

— There was 4.7 feet of water in the river at Fayetteville Tuesday, a rise of a foot and a half in the previous twenty-four hours.

— British schooner *Ocean Lily* cleared yesterday for Port-au-Prince, Hayti, with 94,742 feet lumber and 5,000 bricks; valued at $1,050.16, shipped by Messrs. S. & W. H. Northrop.

— Mr. Frank Kennedy caught seven hundred bunches of mullets off Ocean View yesterday. It is said there was school after school passing, going south. The fishermen say this means cold weather.

— Mr. L. L. Pritchard, superintendent of the new telephone company which is to begin operation here soon, has received three car loads of fixtures for the line, and expects to commence its erection next week.

— The example set by St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church in excluding all persons from the church on marriage occasions who do not have invitations, a reader of the STAR says, is a move in the right direction.

— A press dispatch to the STAR last night says: "An unknown ship is stranded on Hatteras. No particulars." This, no doubt, is the vessel reported Tuesday night as a Clyde Line steamer, referred to in the STAR yesterday.

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR'S Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

— A friend of the STAR suggests that the time consumed in ringing church bells for services, especially on Sunday, might be considerably shortened to advantage, and especially as to the labor to be performed by the sexton.

— The importance of preserving tax receipts and having them where they can be easily and readily found has been demonstrated recently by those who have received notices in regard to back taxes, which they contend have been paid.

Caught a Shark.

Mr. L. L. Livingstone, chemist for Messrs. Powers & Gibbs, while fishing for drum in front of his cottage at Ocean View, was very much surprised when he got a heavy bite and upon hauling his line in found he had caught a shark which measured four feet and a half. It was a curiosity to the excursionists who were on the Beach.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Bernice Moore is sick and confined to his room.

— Mr. R. F. Warren has returned from a visit to Boston, Mass.

— Mr. Clarence Corbett, of Long View, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. F. Galloway leaves this morning to spend a while at Southport.

— Mr. and Mrs. Oscar High and Miss Lily High, of Whiteville, are in the city.

— Mr. L. P. Best, formerly of this city but now in business at Warsaw, was here yesterday.

— Mr. Chas. A. G. Thomas and son Philip, of Fayetteville, were in the city yesterday.

— Capt. J. W. S. Robinson, of Ivanhoe, is in the city, calling on the wholesale merchants.

— Miss Bessie King, of Philadelphia, Pa., is in the city visiting the family of Mr. J. A. Springer.

—Mr. M. L. Kinney, superintendent of the Wilmington Oil Mills, left yesterday for Newbern on business.

— Mr. Chas. D. Jacobs, who has been sick and confined to his room, was able to be out again yesterday.

— Mr. J. T. Williams, Misses Daisy Jackson, Rosie Jackson and Maggie Warren, of Autreyville, are in the city on a visit.

— Messrs. Sam. C. Potts, Junius D. Potts and J. Wescott Dickson, of Lake Waccamaw, are in the city.

— Mrs. Geo. R. Dyer and sons, John and Emmett, of Savannah, Ga., are here on a visit to Mr. Dyer's father.

— Mrs. Olive Rouark, of Savannah, Ga., who has been visiting friends in this city, left yesterday for Shallotte, N. C.

— Mr. J. Hicks Bunting has returned from a trip to Boston and other Northern cities, where he has been on business.

— Mayor W. S. Cook and Messrs. R. M. Nimocks and Jas. Evans, of Fayetteville, were in the city yesterday with the excursionists.

— Mr. Jas. S. Hooper has resigned his position with Messrs. Brown & Whitted, and will go on the road for the firm of P. C. Tomson & Co., of Philadelphia.

— Mr. Jno. C. Wagner and wife, of Kinston, who have been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. G. Wagner, on Masonboro Sound, returned home yesterday.

— Mr. Pender Porter, son of Dr. E. Porter, of Rocky Point, passed through the city yesterday on his way to Davidson College to resume his course in the medical department.

— Mr. F. L. Wood, of Columbia, S. C., who has been working the press "trick" at the W. U. Telegraph office here while Mr. Phil. Townsend was on the sick list, returned yesterday, the latter having recovered so as to be able to go to work.

— Messrs. D. P. Burby, Clif Cohen, Clinton, D. Hall, Fayetteville; E. R. Hicks, N. C.; W. L. Atkinson, Ivanhoe; J. McF. Cameron, Kinston; N. H. Bailey, Eureka; Jas. A. Browne, Rose Hill; B. F. Fussell, Wallace, W. A. Hoke, Lincolnton; C. P. Parker, Bladen county; W. F. Sessoms, W. Carthage, J. B. Schulken, Whiteville; C. M. Hawkins, Raleigh, were among the arrivals at the hotels yesterday.

Magistrates' Courts.

Before Justice Jno. J. Fowler yesterday, Walter Taylor, white, of Harnett township, was charged with failure to work the public road when summoned to do so by the overseer. Taylor was discharged. The prosecution was adjudged to be a malicious one, and the case was dismissed at the cost of the prosecutor, Herbert Hawkins.

Wesley Jones, colored, was tried in Justice Bunting's Court on the charge of having obtained 50 cents from Sylvester Beatty on promise to do certain work and neglecting to do the same. Jones was required to refund the money and pay costs, and failing to do this was sent to jail.

Cycle Club.

The Carolina Cycle Club will hold a meeting to-night to take some action in regard to the races to be held on Ocean View Beach next Friday week, September 20th, and to arrange for the Charlotte boys to come here to race. The race track, base ball grounds and bicycle track will also be considered. Every member of the club is urged to be present, as final action in these matters will be discussed and new members voted upon.

Excursionists.

About five hundred excursionists from Bennettsville, S. C., Fayetteville and other points on the line of the C. F. & Y. V. railroad, were in the city yesterday. A large number of the visitors went down the river to Carolina Beach on the steamer *Wilmington*, and others remained in the city. They left for home last evening at 7.30 o'clock.

City Court.

Edward Swann, colored, charged with disorderly conduct, submitted and judgment was suspended on payment of the costs in the case.

Jerry Baker, colored, charged with carrying a concealed weapon—a pistol—was sent to jail, failing to give bond in the sum of $50 for his appearance at the next term of the Superior Court.

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Bone, P. E.

Kenansville circuit, Richlands, September 7 and 8

Brunswick circuit, Shalotte Camp, September 14 and 15

Clinton circuit, Johnson's, September 21 and 22.

REHDER-BISSINGER

A Pretty Wedding in St. Paul's Lutheran Church.

One of the prettiest weddings which has ever been held in Wilmington took place yesterday afternoon at St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church at 6 o'clock. The happy couple united in the bonds of matrimony by Rev. K. Boldt were Miss Elese Marie Bissinger, the handsome daughter of Mrs. E. Bissinger, and Mr. J. H. Rehder, of the popular firm of J. H. Rehder & Co. A large number of invited guests were present and the Uniform Rank Knights of Pythias attended in full dress uniform in a body. The church was beautifully decorated, the work being done by Mr. Wm. Rehder, a brother of the groom. The arch was a thing of beauty, curtained with rare flowers, a large bell suspended and eight doves perched above. On each side of the arch were two swinging gates which were opened to admit the bride and groom by two beautifully attired flower girls, little Misses Mildred Polvogt and Mary Waxsmith, who each carried a basket of flowers which were strewn down the aisle. As the bride and groom left the church after the ceremony they walked on a bed of flowers. The maid of honor was Miss Annie Stolter; best man, Mr. Wm. Rehder; groomsmen, Messrs. Alex. P. Adrian and Henry Gieschen; bride's maids, Misses Minnie Glaymeyer and Lizzie Otten; ushers, Messrs. Jno. F. Rulfs, Jr., Wm. Hiens, Wm. Bissinger and Carl Rehder.

After the wedding the happy couple, accompanied by a concourse of friends, went to the A. C. L. depot and left on the 7 o'clock train for an extended tour to Northern cities. They will return on October 2nd, and a grand reception will be given in their honor at Adrian hall on the following night. Over one hundred and fifty valuable and handsome presents were received.

The waiters and attendants after the bride and groom left, went to Wrightsville and partook of supper, and held an informal reception at Capt. Manning's, Atlantic View, and returned late last night.

Mrs. H. Rehder, mother of the groom, who had been summering at Berkley, Va., and his brother, Mr. H. Rehder and wife, of South Rocky Mount, came home to be present at the wedding.

STORE ROBBED.

Thieves Plunder a Grocery Store Corner of Dock and Water Streets.

Mr. Thos. J. Gore's grocery store, corner of Dock and Water streets, was robbed early yesterday morning. The thieves carried off a lot of groceries, tobacco, cigars and whiskey, besides taking the contents of two money-drawers. A quantity of shelf goods were found on the counter, as if in readiness to be removed. Mr. Gore estimates his loss at $100.

The robbery was discovered by police officer Alex. Hewlett, who found the door on the Dock street side of the building open about ten minutes past two o'clock. He went immediately to Mr. Gore's residence on Castle street and notified him of the discovery, and Mr. Gore went down and made an investigation. He found that no lock had been broken and came to the conclusion that one of the thieves had concealed himself in the store during the afternoon and had unfastened the door found open from the inside. A piece of paper was found on the counter, on which was written with pencil, "This was a sharp negro that went in here to-night; you can't get him."

A NAIL TRUST.

An Advance in Price of Nails of Nearly 100 Per Cent.

The New York correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* says:

"Inquiry in the nail trade in this city shows that there has been an advance in the price of nails in the last sixty days of nearly 100 per cent. This is said to be due to a strong agreement which includes all the manufacturers in the country. One thing is certain, and that is that all the manufacturers' agents and dealers in nails in this city are now selling nails at the same prices. It was also learned that there is a strong probability that the prices will go from 80 to 50 cents a hundred pounds on the average higher than they are at the present moment. This advance is checked only by the fear that too much greed may promote foreign competition."

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—28 casks spirits turpentine, 129 bbls rosin, 50 bbls tar, 3 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—18 bales cotton, 36 casks spirits turpentine, 62 bbls rosin, 72 bbls tar, 20 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—68 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 60 bbls rosin, 97 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—6 casks spirits turpentine, 100 bbls rosin, 70 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 81 bales; spirits turpentine, 73 casks; rosin, 351 bbls; tar, 289 bbls; crude turpentine, 23 bbls.

Cotton Market.

Cotton receipts yesterday in Wilmington, 81 bales; receipts same day last year, 261.

Spot cotton quiet in New York at 8 5-16c for middling; steady in Wilmington at 7½c.

Total net receipts at the ports yesterday, 7,889 bales, against 11,860 the same day last year.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopedia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office.

RALEIGH HAPPENINGS.

THE NEGRO CONVENTION IN SESSION.

A Straight Republican Meeting for the Betterment of the Race—Populist Conference—Silverites, Regardless of Party, Urged to attend the Convention on the Twenty-fifth—Prisoners for the Penitentiary—An Illicit Whiskey Trader Shot by a Revenue Collector.

[*Star Correspondence*]

RALEIGH, September 11.

The negro convention is in session today. There are about ninety delegates in attendance. They are an intelligent looking body of negroes. Permanent organization has not been effected. J. D. Latta, Rev. R. H. W. Leak, Rev. King, of Guilford, L. P. Berry, of Iredell, and John Williamson have addressed the meeting so far. They are abusive of the negroes who allege that they were brought here by the Democratic party. One delegate shouted out that he got here by the sweat of his brow. All the speakers so far have arraigned the Fusion negroes. They tell them that the negroes elected the ticket last Fall and ask where a one was benefitted. It is a straight Republican meeting for the "betterment of the race" remarked a delegate this morning.

A big batch of prisoners were brought here to-day to the Penitentary. One was Henry Matthews (white) from Watauga, for twenty years imprisonment.

Mr. C. M. Cooke has returned from his home in Franklin county and reports the condition of crops as excellent. He says tobacco is far above the average.

Wm. McLean, a retailer of whiskey in Harnett county, was run down by Deputy Collector Bradley. McLean made a dash for liberty and was shot in the leg by the deputy. McLean was crippled and fell. He was brought to this city, and in a trial before U. S. Commissioner Purnell sent on to the next term of Federal Court. He is now in jail.

Mrs. Sherwood was elected to succeed Mrs. Barbee as principal at the Murphy Graded School. Mrs. Barbee goes to Greensboro.

Senator Butler came into the city yesterday and returned home to-day. He evidently came for a conference with some of the leaders. Among those who called at his room last night were Mr. Worth, Editor Ayer, W. J. Peele, Mr. Barnes. What they did is not known, and it will likely remain a secret. Mr. Butler will attend the silver convention. He says Republicans will also be on hand. The dead calm will yet be broken.

Cards favoring the Free Silver Convention which meets here on the 25th, and urging all silverites, regardless of party, to attend, have been signed by Marion Butler and B. F. Keith, etc., and will appear in this week's *Caucasian*.

W. H. Worth, J. J. Mott, Harry Skinner, J. M. Moody, O. C. Shuford, V. S. Lusk and W. F. Stroud have signed a similar call, which appears in the *Caucasian*.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

J. T. Busbee, train dispatcher at Abbeville, S. C., succeeds J. M. Turner, resigned, as train dispatcher for this division of the Seaboard Air Line.

The negro convention passed resolutions against the discrimination of railroads in passenger service and accommodation. It failed to denounce fusion.

The endorsement by Republicans of the silver convention has created a deal of talk.

RUSSELL'S THREE REASONS.

[*Raleigh News and Observer.*]

Judge Russell bases his bid for the Fusion nomination for Governor upon three claims:

1. "Democratic politicians (whatever they are) would rather have any other man in the State."

2. "Neither abuse nor flattery nor the power of their newspaper press would avail with him."

3. "He is superior to the blandishments of what they call 'society.'"

Now if three better reasons can be advanced, let the aspirant come forward and state them. Some man who is disposed to be hypercritical may object that these three appeals put Judge Russell's candidacy on a very low plane, and that he would have shown greater fitness for the office if he had pledged his efforts to some great "reform." Perish the thought! Can there be any greater "reform" than doing what the "Democratic Politicians" do not like; being above flattery, and standing aloof from the "blandishments of what they call 'society?'"

Here is a willing candidate and a ready made platform with three planks all in one. Why go further?

Mullets Run Plentifully.

The Swansboro correspondent of the Newbern *Journal* says:

A cool spell last week, and the mullets run plentifully. Hundreds of barrels were caught in the seines, but they sell very low. We don't think we ever saw more fish in our waters than now. All the big seines are in full blast.

Brown's Inlet fishery, Capt. William Scott, has put up already, we hear, one hundred barrels to the share, and there are thirty-five shares. At Plank landing, below there, about the same. At the Rice path, Bogue banks, about eight barrels to the share. Bare Point, Captains Piner and Heady, five barrels to the share of thirty-eight shares. Bogue Point, Captain Littleton, just commenced this week.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Record of the Clubs.

The following is the standing of the leading seven clubs in the National Base Ball League, including yesterday's games:

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Baltimore	73	39	.652
Cleveland	74	45	.622
Philadelphia	69	47	.595
Brooklyn	65	50	.565
Boston	63	51	.549
Pittsburg	64	55	.538
New York	63	54	.584

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

LOOK OUT FOR THEM.

The Southern States Passenger Association Issues Cheap Tickets from the Northwest to the South—Look Out for the Homeseekers.

An important circular of rates was issued recently from the office of Commissioner Finley, of the Southern States Passenger Association. The schedule was decided upon at the recent meeting of the Southern States Passenger Association and has met the approval of the commissioner.

Realizing that the trend of traffic will be directed towards the South between this and the Exposition, and that there are many in the North and West who have their eyes turned in this section for homes, the Association has prepared rates which will bring a host of homeseekers from the West.

Following are what has been specified as the "land seekers'" excursion rates:

To all points in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida and return from Ohio and Mississippi river gateways, a rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets of an iron-clad signature form, limited to continuous passage in both directions, to be sold June 11, July 5, August 7, September 4 and October 2, limited for twenty days to return, tickets to be good for going passage on initial lines on date of sale only.

Another rate of great interest to those coming Southward was agreed upon by the committee. The following is the rate:

To all points in Kentucky south of Bowling Green and Somerset and to all points in Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Mississippi and Florida from Ohio and Mississippi river gateways, for one way settlers' excursions. This rate will not apply from territory lying south of a line drawn from Memphis to Springfield, Ohio, thence westerly along the southern border of the States of Kansas and Colorado. A rate of one and one-half cents per mile, short line mileage, with arbitraries added, closely limited to continuous passage; these tickets to be sold on the first Tuesday of each month, except in months when home seekers' rates have been authorized, during which their sale shall be restricted to the date authorized for home seekers' excursions, and to be good for passage on initial lines on dates of sale only.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Southern fresh fruits: Peaches in good supply and lower; offerings largely inferior and demand small. Fancy large watermelons scarce and firm; all others quiet. Sweet potatoes weak. Peaches, carrier, $1.50 to 2.00; basket, 30 to 60 cents. Watermelons, per hundred, $7 to $18. Potatoes, sweets, $2.00 to 2.37.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Market Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Stalls of the various markets of the City will be

Rented at Public Auction

on Friday, September 20th Inst.,

Commencing at the Fifth Ward Market House at 11 o'clock a. m., reaching Fourth street Market about 11.55 o'clock a. m. and Front street Market about 12.30 o'clock p. m. Stalls will be rented upon the

CASH PREMIUM PLAN.

No bids will be received from delinquent renters, nor will sub-letting be permitted.

W. H. NORTHROP, Jr.,
Chairman Market Committee.
sep 12 3t th tu fr

MINERAL WATERS

ON DRAUGHT,

And by the Bottle or Gallon,

Harriss Lithia Water.

Barium Springs Water.
Panacea Springs Water.
Aoland Springs Water.
Fonticello Lithia Water.

Bottled Waters.

Villacabras—Saratoga Vichy.
Thompson's Bromide Arsenic.
Appolinaris—Carlsbad Sprudel.
Hunyadi Janos.
Rubinat Condal—Londonderry Lithia; Congress; Bethesda Hawthorn and others.

For Sale at

Bunting's Pharmacy

jy 21 tf Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington.

Your Change for the

Better at Home Will Come from Trading With the Spot Cash

One Price firm of the town. The Wilmington Big Racket Store will not move before the tenth of September, and we have had special Clearing Sales, and we have only ten days more; so come and let us sell you all of your supplies for the next ten days that you will need in one month. Handling goods costs money and we prefer to give you that advantage.

You may look for us after the 10th of September at No. 113 North Front street, opposite the Orton House. Here are a few prices for this week:

Children's Fast Black Hose for 5c; Men and Women's Black and Colored Hose and Socks for 5c; good colored bordered Handkerchiefs at 3, 5, 7 and 10c. We have a full line of Handkerchiefs and Underwear. Gent's Celuloid Collars, all styles, at 10c each. Gent's Outing Shirts at 15 and 20c. Linen collars, latest styles, 3 for 25c. A big drive in Gent's Nice White Shirts from 29c to $1, all styles and the best grades. Men's good Summer Pants at 50c a pair, better from 98c up to $1, 1.25 and 3.00. Shoes of all kinds. Ladies Slippers at 50c to $1, all been reduced for less than cost to close. Men's heavy Plow Shoes from 85c to $1.25 a pair.

We are on Front street opposite the Market House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

of Wilmington's big Racket Store.
sep 1 tf

A War is Imminent in the South.

A Royal Feast the Bakers had,
And toasts were spoken faster, louder,
Till all by one consent hurrahed
For Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

"P. Cox" spread his spangled tail
"Good-luck" his horse-shoe hung on high,
"One Spoon" dipped in his little pail,
While "Sea-Foam's praise was sung too high,
Old "Horseford" trotted in his horse,
"Patapsco" tapped his big drum louder,
While "Royal" bad to bow, of course,
To Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

Sold at wholesale by Dozier & Lee, and by the retail trade generally. Weight one pound, and quality guaranteed, and a silver spoon given away with each box for 10 cents.

Hey diddle, diddle, the cat and the fiddle,
The cow jumped over the moon,
And while in the air, a notion quite queer,
Occurred to her cowship, and soon,
While she was descending, the eagle ascending,
His feathers a shining like silk,
She said Mr. Bird, who has ever heard
Of an eagle bird giving good milk?
Upon him she pounced, his eagle-ship flounced,
But she kicked the poor bird without mercy,
And made him admit that he hadn't the grit
To keep up a fight with the Jersey.

Jersey Milk beats Eagle Brand and is sold for just one half the price by Dozier & Lee. Try it and if not satisfied return it and get your money back. 10c per can. aug 18 tf

Attention Everybody!

Ladies Especially.

We are now receiving our Fall stock, which will be one of the most complete in the city.

ALWAYS

When anything is needed in our line give us a call. Watch for our next ad. It will interest you. We will be up to date in the QUALITY and PRICES. We have not the moving fever. You will find us at our usual place, next Fourth Street Bridge.

We are respectfully yours,

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Car fare paid on purchases over $2.
Phone 118. sept 8 tf

Smoke Liberty Cigar.

Bell

THE LEADING

FIVE CENT CIGAR

IN THE CITY.

50,000 Cigars All Grades.

Large Stock Tobacco

AT LOW FIGURES.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,
sep 1 tf 12 Market St.

New Catch

MULLETS.

Put Up in Nice New Packages.

Send in your orders.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.
sep 6 D&W tf

LOUIS H. MYERS, CHAS. R. LEWIS

Myers & Lewis,

No. 8 SOUTH FRONT ST.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

School, Office and Typewriter Supplies.

Rubber Stamps and Engraving.
sep 1 tf

September Mullets.

100 half-bbls. new Mullets.
50 Little Favorite Cheese.
10,000 yards Bagging.
500 bundles Ties.
Baking Powder, Tobacco, Coffee, Rice, &c. All at best prices at

W. B. COOPER'S,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water Street.
sep 8 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Residents on the Sound and Beach

Will find it to their interest to telephone

James D. Nutt,

The Druggist, No. 150, when in need of anything in his line.

Message and carriage free. Registered Pharmacist in attendance at all times. aug 27 tf.

Notice of Removal.

I HAVE REMOVED MY DRUG BUSINESS to the N. W. corner of Seventh and Red Cross streets, where I will be glad to serve you.

Fraternally yours,
sept 8 tf WM. NIEST LIE.

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST
DAILY NEWSPAPER
IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

—29—

REASONS

WHY YOU SHOULD PURCHASE

YOUR DRY GOODS AT

No. 29 North Front St.

A line of Wash Silks at 25c a yd.

Dress Goods, new styles, just received.

Best Line of Jets in the city.

Richard Hudnut's Toilet requisites (favorite of N. Y. 400).

Oil Cloths and Carpets in every variety and quality.

White Goods Department the most complete in the State.

Now is the time to purchase Gent's Suspenders. We will give you a 50c pair for 35c.

Those 50c Silks for Waist at 40c a yard.

We always keep Smith and Angell's Fast Black Hosiery.

Elevator reaches all the floors.

Notions of every description just received.

Turkish Rugs, second floor.

You can buy real Castile Soap three cakes for 5c.

Now is the time to purchase from a well selected stock of Gent's Furnishing.

Initial Tape, two dozen for 5c, all Linen.

Never leave the Store before examining our line of Ladies' and Children's Hose.

Embroideries worth 15 to 35c selling this week at 10c a yard.

Neckwear for Gentlemen, Ladies and Children at 25 to 50c.

Our one priced system.

Ribbons in every shade, every quality and width.

Thompson's Glove Fitting Corsets in every size; all the qualities.

Handkerchiefs, Handkerchiefs, Gents and Ladies.

Fancy Linens Stamped for Embroidery.

Rand Y Corsets the best in the world, from 75c up

Our strict honesty.

Nursing Corsets (R. and G.) and other brands.

Trunks, all sizes, every quality; the price will please you.

Steam heat and other conveniences.

That new line of Prints should be inspected.

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK
sep 1 tf

Everybody Who Wears

SHOES

WILL DO WELL TO CALL ON

MERCER & EVANS,

at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, on Princess street, before purchasing elsewhere. We have some EXCELLENT BARGAINS always on hand, which it will pay you to see.

Call early and often on

Mercer & Evans,

aug 18 tf 115 Princess St.

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer

of the Carolina Central R. R. Co.



PORTSMOUTH, VA., Sept. 10th, 1895.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Co. will be held at the office of the Company, 205 North Front street, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., at 1 o'clock p. m., Thursday, the 10th day of October proximo.

JNO. H. SHARP,
sep 10 5t Secretary.

Young Printer Wanted.

A YOUNG PRINTER WHO IS WELL ADvanced, and wishes to complete his trade, may secure employment as a "Two Thirder." If well recommended, by applying at the
aug 14 3t STAR OFFICE.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEP. 12, 1895

CHANGED CONDITIONS.

In his speech in West Virginia to which we made reference yesterday, Postmaster General Wilson remarked that the farmer of this country found himself confronted by conditions much different from those of even twenty years ago. This is true not only of the farmer but of all those engaged in industrial avocations. As there is what Mr. Wilson characterized as a world-competition between farmers so there is a world-competition between productive industries of all kinds.

This fact is recognized in this and some other countries by the tariff duties that are imposed to protect the producers, especially the manufacturers, from the competition of the producers or manufacturers of other countries. Steam and electricity, the steamship and railroad, the cable and telegraph, have brought the four quarters of the globe nearer together than the Atlantic and Pacific States were forty years ago, and forty years is a short period in the life of States. The achievements of inventive genius in the labor saving machinery it has furnished mankind, with rapid transit to dispose of the products of that machinery, have made the more intelligent of the nations of the earth competitors, and stimulated the wits of each to outdo or underwork the other, or to circumvent by legislative enactments in the interest of its own.

This is the genesis of protective tariffs and the inspiring motive of commercial fleets. The nation which can produce the most, produce it the most speedily and economically, and put it into the markets where there is a demand for it in advance of and more cheaply than other nations, will get in the lead, and as long as it can maintain these conditions will remain in the lead.

What applies to nations in this respect applies in a greater or less degree to sections of nations, for there is competition between them, although they may be of the same household, so to speak, and have many interests in common. This is more or less the case in all countries, but in none to a greater extent than in our own. Thirty years ago a line drawn North and South on the Western border of Pennsylvania, and Eastward on the Southern border would have embraced the territory that contained the bulk of the manufacturing industries of this country, the territory outside of that, vast as it is, being devoted almost altogether to farming or stock-raising, or to industries connected with the handling and marketing of these products.

It is unecessary to say that with these widely divergent pursuits and interests the protective tariff policy which was inaugurated about thirty years ago was in its essence a sectional one, and that it has been one of the main causes of the inequality of conditions that exist to-day and of the political agitation so vehemently carried on in the area outside of the lines to which we have above referred.

Under pretence of fostering "home manufactories" the South and the West were plundered to benefit the manufacturers of the East, and the East, thus enriched by the enforced contributions of the South and the West, became the money center and the dictator not only of our tariff, but of our financial policies. It lost its grip somewhat on the tariff, because the people of the rest of the country learned something in the school of experience and discovered how they had been fooled, but it still retains its grip on the finances.

The East, with much fewer natural advantages and much more limited resources than the rest of the country, has become the section of wealth because it understood the process of absorption and pursued it energetically and systematically. It became a manufacturing section as much, perhaps, from necessity at first as from choice, and from force of habit and constant application a genius for that thing was developed.

As no nation can succeed commercially which cannot compete with other nations, neither can any section of a country succeed which cannot successfully compete with other sections and demonstrate the thrift and ability to be not only self-dependent but show the capacity to convert its crude products into finished forms to supply the wants of others. This is one of the new conditions by which the South has been confronted since the labor system was revolutionized by the arbitrament of war, and it is one of the conditions by which she is still confronted. She is realizing this as shown in the progress she has made in some industries within the past few decades, but that she has not sufficiently realized it is shown by the little progress she has made in others. We should concentrate our energies as much as possible on the establishment, not of one or two industries, but on diversified industries, which will give employment to our people, keep our money at home and bring in money from other sections and thus make this a money section as well as a producing section. When that day comes we will have less cause to complain of the unequal distribution of money than we now have.

MINOR MENTION.

Tom Reed was quoted a few days ago as saying that there would be no attempt made by the next Congress to increase tariff duties. We don't know whether he said so or not, but if he did he showed a pretty level head and showed that he comprehended the true inwardness of things better than some of the gentlemen who are piping for a restoration of the protective duties of the McKinley tariff, as some of the Ohio wool-growers and some of the tin-plate makers are doing. Mr. Reed knows that all the time given to the subject of an increase of tariff rates by the next Congress would be simply that much time wasted, for if such a movement succeeded in the House it would never get through the Senate, and would run up against Mr. Cleveland's veto if it should get through both Houses. The country has no desire for a further agitation of the tariff question now, and if it had it would be on the line of lower rather than higher taxation. It is pretty well satisfied with the Wilson bill, as far it has gone, though that fell short of the Democratic demands; but it has proved a success and the people are satisfied with it until the conditions are such that they can get something better. In woollen goods alone the people make a saving of 25 per cent., which figured on the $800,000,000 worth of woollens annually bought gives some idea of the saving in the aggregate. It is not to be supposed that the people would think of throwing $200,000,000 a year into the protection contribution box to help the Ohio wool-growers to charge woollen manufacturers more for their wool and put some more money in their purses. There may be some talk on the tariff line but there will not be any serious effort made to increase the protective duties.

* *
*

The gold reserve has been below the $100,000,000 mark since last Friday. Tuesday it had dropped to nearly $2,500,000 below. A few days ago it was announced that Mr. Curtis, of the Treasury, was in Washington on some "mysterious" mission, having something to do presumably with the reserve, and the Morgan-Belmont syndicate. Although the reserve has got to the lowest figures reached since the syndicate agreed to "protect" it, we haven't yet discovered any weakening of public confidence or any indications of a scare, and our opinion is that if the Treasury gave itself no concern about keeping the reserve up to the $100,000,000 mark, but treated it just as it does any other money it has in its vaults, business would go on as usual, and there wouldn't be a thought given to it outside of the circles that manipulate and speculate in gold. If the Secretary of the Treasury were to announce that he had no idea of issuing any more bonds to get gold, but would pay out silver if the raids on the Treasury continued, that would be the heroic way of meeting the condition that confronts him, and we think would put a quietus on the raids.

* *
*

Although defeated by a scratch, the result of Tuesday's race was practically a victory for the Defender, and while the accident which somewhat crippled her before the start is to be regretted, it did one thing, and that was to clearly establish her superiority over her rival. If with less sail than she carried in the first race, and a loss of two minutes in the starting, she ran the Valkyrie so close as to put only 47 seconds between them, there can be no doubt as to what she would have done if that accident had not occurred. When boats are so evenly matched, everyyard of sail, and even apparently trifling accidents count a good deal, as proved to be the case in this instance; but even with the cracked topmast and reduced sail she gained considerably on her flying competitor, and a race of a few miles more would have put her in the lead. After her performances in the first race and her even more brilliant performances under the drawbacks in the second race, we think the American sports can count confidently on her ability to keep the cup on this side of the water.

BOOK NOTICES.

The reader on economics will find much to interest him in the September number of *The Social Economist*, which presents solid subjects discussed by solid writers. Published by The Social Economist Company, Union Square, New York.

The Eclectic Magazine for September presents some very choice reading from the leading European publications, selections being made from nineteen of them. Published by E. R. Pelton, 144 Eighth street, New York.

The September number of *The Atlantic Monthly*, one of the most entertaining of our magazines, presents a fine list of contents, covering subjects in literature, science, art and politics. There is not an article in it that may not be read with interest and profit. Published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., No. 11 East Seventeenth street, New York.

La Mode de Paris and the *Paris Album of Fashion*, are out for October. Both are splendid numbers. Each contains nine colored figures, with the usual number of plain figures, with patterns, designs and instructions, and other matter which the dress-maker finds so useful and valuable. Published by A. McDowell & Co., No. 4 West Fourteenth street, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— If Tom Reed is the smart man many people think he is he will allow it to become known that he rides a bicycle, but he will never permit the dissemination of photographs of himself while on a wheel.—*Chicago Record, Ind.*

—— A dispatch from Providence conveys the information that the Interlaken Company, one of the largest manufacturing corporations in the State, will begin the erection at once in Arkwright of a mill to cost $1,000,000 and to have a capacity of 40,000 spindles for the production of cotton cloths. This will be more good news for the spinners of Rhode Island. Wages cannot go down so long as new mills shall keep going up.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Statesville *Landmark*: Dr. Peter C. Jurney died at his home near Olin last Thursday night. Death was quite sudden, being due to a congestive chill. Dr. Jurney was probably 80 years old.

— Charlotte *Observer*: Mr. Henry A. Walter, of Concord, aged 18 years, died here yesterday at 514 West Fourth street, from the effects of a fall of a bicycle which he received a week ago. He was injured internally. Fever set in and the two troubles operated together.

— Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: 'Squire T. C. B. Whittington, of Reddies river, died on last Thursday night of typhoid fever. This is the fourth death in the family within the last two or three months. His wife, son and daughter died not long since of the same disease. 'Squire Whittington was about 62 years old.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The 2-year old son of Mr. George Warrick, living in Grantham township, this county, fell into a pot of boiling water last Thursday and was literally scalded to death. —— A colored man giving his name as John Jenkins and hailing from Charleston, S. C., while sitting talking with some persons in the alley near Mr. John T. Ginn's store on John street last night, suddenly fell over and expired. Heart disease is supposed to have been the cause of his death.

— Raleigh *Press-Visitor*: Deputy Collector J. T. Pickard reports the seizure of two illicit distilleries at Mebane, belonging to Frank Macon. They were of fifty gallon capacity each. A thousand gallons of beer were also taken. No arrests were made. —— Superintendent Young, of the Blind Institution, says that the white institution opened under very favorable circumstances with eighty-seven scholars. This number will be largely increased during the session. The colored institution has not yet opened.

TWINKLINGS.

— Fond Parent—I wish, Bobby, that I could be a little boy again.

Bobby—I wish you could—littler than me.—*Tit-Bits.*

— The Younger One—I wonder if I will lose my looks, too, when I get to your age?

The Elder One—You would be lucky if you did.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— How He Measured Him—"Isn't your boy very tall for his age?"

"Isn't he? You just ought to try to get him into a place on a half-fare ticket."—*Chicago Record.*



Mrs. J. P. Bell, Ossawatomie, Kan. wife of the editor of The Graphic, the leading local paper of Miami county, writes ***"I was troubled with heart disease*** for six years, severe palpitations, shortness of breath, together with such extreme nervousness, that, at times I would walk the floor nearly all night. We consulted the best medical talent. ***They said there was no help for me,*** that I had organic disease of the heart for which there was no remedy. I had read your advertisement in The Graphic and a year ago, as a last resort, tried one bottle of ***Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart,*** which convinced me that there was true merit in it. I took three bottles each of the Heart Cure and Restorative Nervine and ***It completely cured me. I sleep*** well at night, my heart beats regularly and I have no more smothering spells. I wish to say to all who are suffering as I did; there's relief untold for them if they will only give your remedies just one trial."

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Monthly Pains cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. For sale by all Druggists.

June 15 1y sa tu th change.

A MODERN NAVAL BATTLE.

The Spectacle Is a Grand One and the Experience Thrilling.

A layman has no conception of the awful nature of battle in modern naval vessels. Even the cruisers have steel sides, and the air of the inclosed spaces is very confined. The din made by the impact of a heavy projectile against these metal sides is awful beyond description. I wore cotton in my ears, but in spite of that, am still deaf from that cause. The engineers in the Chen-Yuen stuck to their work even when the temperature of the engine room was above 200 degrees F. The skin of their hands and arms was actually roasted off, and every man was blinded for life, the sight being actually seared out.

Late in the action, after my hair had been burned off and my eyes so impaired by injected blood that I could only see out of one of them, and then only by lifting the lid with my fingers, I was desirous of seeing how the enemy was delivering his fire. As I groped my way around the protected deck a hundred pound shell pierced the armor about 18 inches in front of my hand. In a second my hand touching the steel was so burned that part of the skin was left upon the armor. That shows how intense is the heat engendered by the impact of a shot and how rapidly the steel conducts that heat.

One shell struck an open gun shield of the Chen-Yuen early in the action, and glancing thence passed through the open port. Seven gunners were killed and 15 wounded by that shot. Early in the fight the maxim gun in our foretop was silenced. The holes pierced by a shell could be seen from the deck. After the fight we found the officer and men on duty there all dead and frightfully mangled. That one shell had wrought the havoc.

The detonations of the heavy cannon and the impact of hostile projectiles produce concussions that actually rend the clothing off. The Chinese soldiers deserve all credit for their courage and obedience in that action. No duty was too difficult or dangerous. When the Chen-Yuen's forecastle was ablaze from Jap shells, I ordered several officers to cross the shell swept place to fight the fire. They shirked that duty, but when I called upon the men to volunteer to follow me they did it promptly, and the ship was saved. It was while on this duty that a shell passing between my legs threw me aloft and let me down upon the deck with such violence that I became unconscious and was out of the fight. All of the officers, however, were not cowards. On my ship were several who had been educated in this country, and they were as brave and devoted as men could be. Others, however, were in the safest place they could find amidships.—Captain McGiffin in Mail and Express.

Incandescent Lamp Cleaner.

Many people blame the central station for the poor light from their incandescent lamps, when the fault is really their own. They allow their lamps to be dirty. It has been shown that one day's accumulation of dust on incandescent bulbs cuts off 5 per cent of the light, so the result of a few days' neglect can easily be guessed. As a means of removing to a great extent the frequent complaints of poorness of light a central station recommends the use of a lamp cleaner which greatly facilitates the process of dusting the bulbs. To a 6 foot handle is attached a strong wire framework, which carries a number of felt mittens. By forcing the frame over each lamp and giving the handle a few turns the dust on the glass is removed, leaving the bulb as clean as when it left the factory. Each cleaner is provided with a set of rubber friction pads that will, when suitably placed on the mittens, remove and replace burned out lamps. The handle can be extended so as to reach lamps at any distance. This device makes the cleaning of lamps a very quick and easy task.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Regret That Came Too Late.

The London Musical Herald tells a queer story about Jack Wilson's tomb in the Little Cloisters at Westminster abbey. Wilson was Shakespeare's tenor. He was probably the first to sing "Sigh No More, Ladies," and he died at the age of 78, in 1673. The inscription on his tomb at the abbey was much obliterated, and under the direction of an antiquary a man was employed to recut the letters. The antiquary stood looking over him, so that he should make no mistake, and to make the time go pleasantly he expatiated at great length to the workman upon the grandeur and merits of the deceased. The man eventually stopped his work, and looking up at the antiquary said, "I wish, sir, we had known that he was such a swell before we run that there drain pipe through him."

A Very Honest View.

The young man whose salary wasn't long enough by several lengths to reach to all the points he wanted it to had been harassed that morning by numerous persons with bills and bills and bills. About noon at which time he had lost count of them, his landlady's husband appeared with another for the past month's provender.

"What's this?" he asked, displaying considerable annoyance.

"Your board bill for the month."

"Well, I'll not pay it," he exclaimed, throwing it on his desk. "Do all you people think I have no use for money except to pay bills with?" and he invited the caller to get out.—Detroit Free Press.

Woolens.

Never put away for the summer a woolen garment of any kind that is spotted with grease or soiled with mud. Grease is astonishingly attractive to moths, and all the unbrushed clothes "age" rapidly. Ammonia for all black goods, and a delicate mixture of ether, ammonia and castile soap for colored ones, may be advised.—Philadelphia Ledger.

A Cuban Tradesman.

General B. R. Cowen, who returned recently from a trip to Cuba, relates the following episode as illustrative of the bargaining ability of the native Cubans. "I wanted a palm hat," said he, "and with a friend entered a store where they were exhibited for sale and asked the price. 'Seven dollars,' said the tradesman. We turned and walked out without saying a word. Next morning my friend again visited the place and asked the price of the hats. The tradesman recognized him and hailed him as he entered and said the price of the hats was $6. About that time I also entered the place, was recognized and hailed, and told the price was $6. 'I'll give you $3 for a hat,' said I, 'and my friend will give you the same.' The tradesman insisted that the price was $6, and we insisted that we would give only $3. Yet all this time the dealer was busy lining hats for us and fitting them to our heads. At last we were fitted, and I said, 'Three dollars.' 'No, $6,' replied he, smiling.

"I put down $3, and he, touching one, counted, 'One, two,' then touching the second, 'three, four,' and the third, 'five, six dollars, thank you,' and, smiling, counted six on the $3 my friend had placed on the counter, and, still smiling, bowed us from the store. A few days later I visited the store to get a hat for a friend whose wife was of our party. The fellow recognized me and asked $3.50 for the hats. 'I'll give you $3 and not a cent more,' said I. He said no, he must have $3.50, but went ahead trimming the hat, and when it was done I laid down $3, and he counted it, 'One, two, three and a half,' and politely bowed me out."—Cincinnati Times-Star.

HE WAS A MAD BIRD.

This Sparrow Thought a Joke Was Being Played Upon Him.

"You never saw such a mad sparrow in your life as one I saw one spring day," said Van Tope. "This sparrow was building a nest, and he flew down beside a goods box on the pavement, where he found what he probably supposed was a beautiful, straight piece of straw. It happened to be a string, however, and the other end of it was caught on a nail in the box.

"But the sparrow wist not that it was so, and he grabbed the end of the string and started gayly away. Of course he soon brought up with a round turn, as the sailors say, and found the piece of string jerked away from him. He lit on the ground and looked around to see what impudent and envious sparrow had tackled him for his string. He looked as though he was ready to lick any sparrow in that block who should set claim to his string. After standing around as if daring the other fellow to knock a chip off his shoulder, and the other fellow not showing up, he grabbed his string and started off. Again he was yanked back by the string, and when he lit he fairly danced around in his wrath. You could just imagine him calling that other sparrow all sorts of names. He hopped around the goods box to find him and lit on the edge to peep in. After waiting a reasonable length of time for his tormentor he started off again, and again was thrown down.

"This seemed to get to him. He was dead sure some other sparrow was putting up a game on him, and you could imagine him saying that he did not care so much for the dod rotted string, but that he hated to be fooled with in this way by some young bantling of this year's hatch. Then an idea struck him. He flew off and got Mrs. Sparrow. He told her about the matter, and after giving her instructions from a neighboring tree he posted himself on a limb just above the box and sent Mrs. Sparrow to dally with the string. You could see he wanted the teaser to play his pranks on the old lady. He would be watching him and then would swoop down and just thump the feathers off that sparrow. I could see him chuckling at the thought of the fun he would have.

"The old lady started away with the string, and she, too, was yanked back. Mr. Sparrow was keeping an eye upon her, and when he failed to see the mysterious tormentor appear he was obviously very much surprised. He got down and walked all around the string and scratched his head. Then he got mad and commenced to jaw at Mrs. Sparrow. It was awfully natural. She protested that it was not her fault. Had he not himself been treated the same way? Well, with that they both grabbed hold of the string and started off, but with no better luck than before. Then the sparrow flew at that string and commenced to worry it. He pecked at it and tugged at it and dragged it around while he got red in the face and used more bad sparrow language, but he could not get away with it.

"Finally Mrs. Sparrow, with female tact, came to the rescue and said that after all she did not believe that was a good string for their business, and they did not want the string anyhow. Mr. Sparrow agreed with her and said he believed at first the blamed thing wasn't any good, but he thought he would take it home for her to see anyhow. And with that they flew away. It's my opinion there are lots bigger fools in the world than sparrows."—Washington Star.

The Village Blacksmith.

Progress is seldom picturesque. Science and sentiment disagree. It is, however, with a certain lingering regret that we stand by and watch all the old time ways and customs swept away one by one. Even the blacksmith's forge, with its glowing embers and the comfortable roar of its huge bellows, will be missed. But it is doomed now—doomed by the success of the electric bath metal heating apparatus, which will bring a bar of iron to white heat almost instantaneously. It is one of the peculiarities of the processes, and manifestly one of its advantages, that it is possible to heat a horseshoe or rod of iron without affecting any part of the tongs which hold it. It has been demonstrated in a most definite manner that the work can be done not only more quickly but more economically than by the old fashioned process. This is sufficient. The village blacksmith must follow the rest and become an electrician.—Family Magazine.

Politeness In Company.

"It isn't polite to sleep in company," said a proper aunt to a little boy whose head was bobbing wearily when she had a call.

"Ain't it?" he said, starting up. "Why, last night when you left me with Mr. Hall and sister she said, 'Go, dear, and take a nice nap on the other sofa.' And just as I was dropping off I heard him say, 'What a real polite, obliging boy Robbie is!'"—Newark Call.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y. says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results to follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.



Make a Pie

Shorten it with Cottolene instead of lard and see what a crisp crust it will have; how delicious and wholesome it will be. Pie made with Cottolene will do a dyspeptic *good*. Do everybody good because it is good. There is only one secret in cooking with Cottolene—use but two-thirds as much as you would naturally use of lard. Follow this rule and Cottolene will do the rest.

Genuine is sold everywhere in tins with trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis and Chicago.

nov 6 tf tu th sa change

Mozart.

Mozart was very small, being only a little over 5 feet in height. His face was thin, and the size of his nose was apparently exaggerated by the attenuation of his features. He wore his hair long and done up in a cue, according to the custom of his day. His mouth was small and his face clean shaven.

Something Simple.

Patent Office Clerk—Your machine is so complicated that some part or other will be sure to infringe on some other invention and make trouble, with no end of court costs.

Poor Inventor—I can't afford such expenses.

"Hadn't you better try something simpler at first. What is that in your other hand?"

"This? A bit of wire I picked up in the street. A button is off, and I'm going to use it to fasten up my suspenders."

"Well, we'll give you a patent on that."—New York Weekly.

His Doctrine.

"Uncle, how do you stand on the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine?"

"Ain't got no time to fool wid sich," answered the old man. "De good ole straight Baptis' doctrine am good enough fo' me an is been for nigh more'n thutty yeahs."—Cincinnati Tribune.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine, you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-℔ Jute	@	5¼
Standard	7¼@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	13½@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	8½@	8½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	@	7½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	6½@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6½@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	.... @	25
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ℔ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ℔ ℔	15	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	53
Virginia Meal	60 @	65
COTTON TIES— ℔ bundle	@	75
CANDLES—℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	....@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—	27 @	28
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	15 @	21
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	6	6¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	@	14
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ℔ keg	3 50 @	4 00
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5 @	10
" Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—		
Low grade	@	3 00
Choice	@	4 00
Straight	@	3 85
First Patent	@	4 50
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	@	58
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	54
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	54
Oats, from store	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof	@	40
Cow Peas	@	85
HIDES, ℔ ℔—		
Green	....@	46
Dry	....@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—		
Eastern	....@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	2 @	2¼
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	5½@	9
North Carolina	6½@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	....	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	. . @	22
" " " in bbls	....@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	27½
" " in bbls	25 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" " in bbls	....@	16
Syrup, in bbls	13 @	26
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	@	2 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	14 00 @	14 50
Rump	@	13 50
Prime	@	14 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10 @	22
SALT ℔ sack Alum	....@	75
Liverpool	....@	65
Lisbon	....@	....
American	....@	65
on 125 ℔ Sacks	45 @	50
SHINGLES 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu'd	4⅝@	4¾
Standard A	@	4½
White Ex. C	@	4¼
ExtraC, Golden	4 @	4⅛
C, Yellow	@	3¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3¼@	....
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00 @	14
R. O. Hogshead	....@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	00 @	9 00
Mill, Prime	00 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	5 @	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon— Northern	1 00 @	2
North Carolina	1 00 @	2
WOOL, ℔ ℔—Washed	14 @	
Clear of burs	12½@	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 11.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady at 24⅝ cents per gallon for country and 25⅛ cents for machine made casks.

ROSIN.—Market quiet at $1 12½ per bbl for Strained and $1 17½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 80 for Virgin.

COTTON—Steady.

Ordinary	5⅛	cts ℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	6⅜	" "
Low Middling	7 1-16	" "
Middling	7½	" "
Good Middling	7 13-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	81 bales
Spirits Turpentine	72 casks
Rosin	351 bbls
Tar	289 bbls
Crude Turpentine	22 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 11.—Evening—Money on call was easy at 1 per cent., last loan at 1 and closing offered at 1. Prime mercantile paper quoted at 4¾@5¼ per cent. Sterling exchange quoted dull; actual business in bankers' bills at 489@489¼ for sixty days and 489¾@490¼ for demand. Commercial bills 488@488¾. Government bonds weak; United States coupon fours 112⅛; United States twos 96½. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 102; North Carolina sixes 125. Railroad bonds easier.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 11—Evening—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8 9-16c; middling 8 5-16c.

Cotton futures to-day closed steady; September 7 99, October 8 03, November 8 10, Decem 8 17c, January 8 24, February 8 28, March 8 33, April 8 38, May 8.43. Sales 237,300 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 26 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,413 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded 5 bales; sales 1,187 bales, sales to spinners 287 bales; stock (actual) 159,925 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 7,689 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,413 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; stock 305,057 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 31,457 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,212 bales; to France 300 bales; to the Continent 200 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 45,077 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,149 bales; exports to France 376 bales; exports to the Continent 743 bales.

NEW YORK, September 11.—Evening.—Flour—the market was neglected and weak and freely offered: winter wheat, low grades $2 15@2 50; fair to fancy $2 60@3 25; patents $3 40@3 60; Minnesota clear $2 50@2 90; patents $3 30@4 00; low extra $2 15@2 50; city mills $3 85@4 10; do patents $4 00@4 25; rice mixture $2 60@2 80; superfine $2 10@2 25; fine $2 05@2 20; Southern flour was dull and weak; common to fair extra $2 00@2 70; good to choice $2 80@3 00. Wheat active for export at lower quotations; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 62⅛@61¾c; afloat 61½@61¾c; options opened steady with a light trade; declined further, declining 1⅛c, closing weak at ⅜@1⅛c below yesterday; No. 2 red September 60⅞c; October 61c; December 63; May 66½c. Corn weaker and fairly active; No. 2 at elevator 38¾@38⅝c; afloat 39½@39⅝c; options were moderately active and weaker, closing at ½@1⅛c down; September 37c; October 36⅞c; December 35½c; May 34⅞c. Oats dull; white firm; options quiet and easier; September 23⅛c; October 23¼c; December 24, May 25⅛c; spot prices—No. 2 23¾c; No. 2 white 28½; mixed Western 25@27c. Hay steady; shipping 65@70c; good to choice 85@90. Wool firm and demand fair; domestic fleece 10@22; pulled 15@34c; Texas —. Beef firm and demand moderate; family $9 00@12 00; extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams were dull and weak at $15 00; tierced beef firm; city extra India mess $16 50@1700; cut meats were quiet and steady; pickled bellies 6½@6¾c; shoulders 5½c; hams 8¾@9¼; middles nominal. Lard quiet and weak; Western steam $6 15; city $5 90; October $6 10, nominal; refined lard was dull; Continent $6 50; South America $6 90; compound $4 62½@5 00. Pork active and steady; old mess $10 25@10 75. Butter in moderate demand; fancy firm; State dairy 12@18½c; do creamery 20c; Western dairy 9½@13c; Elgin 20c. Eggs were quiet; fancy firm; State and Pennsylvania 16@17c; Western fresh 14@16c; do per case $1 25@4 15. Tallow steady and quiet; city 4½c; country 4½@4⅝. Cottonseed oil steady, with a moderate demand; crude 24c; yellow prime 26⅝@26¾c, do good off grades 25¾@26. Petroleum quiet—refined New York $7 10; Philadelphia $7 05; do in bulk $4 55@4 60. Rice and molasses firm and unchanged. Peanuts quiet. Coffee firm and 5@15 points up; September $14 50@14 60; October $14 50; December $14 20@14 35; January $14 25; spot Rio dull dull but steady; No. 7 $15 75. Sugar—raw firm and more active; fair refining 3c; refined quiet and unchanged. Freights to Liverpool quiet and nominal; cotton per steamer 7-64d; grain per steamer 2½d.

CHICAGO, September 11—Cash quotations: Flour was dull and weak; prices were quoted at 10c lower and bids from abroad were reduced 6d. Wheat—No. 2 spring 55½@56c; No. 2 red 55½@56c. Corn—No. 2 31⅛@31½c. Oats—No. 2 19½@19⅝c. Mess pork, per 100 bbls, $8 12½@8 25. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 72½@5 75. Short ribs sides, per 100 lbs $5 15@5 20. Dry salted shoulders boxed, per 100 lbs, $5 50@5 62½. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs, 6 00@6 25. Whiskey, per gallon, $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing. Wheat—No. 2 September 56¼, 56¼, 55½, 55½; December 58⅝@58¾, 58⅞, 57½, 57½@57⅝; May 62¾, 62¾@62⅞, 61⅜, 61⅜@61½c. Corn—September 32⅛, 32¼, 30⅞, 30⅞c; October 31⅜@31½, 31½, 30, 30½; December 28, 28@28⅛, 27¼, 27¼; May 29¼, 29@29¼, 28⅞, 29. Oats—No. 2 September 19⅜, 19⅜, 19, 19; October 18⅝, 18⅝, 18¼, 18¼; May 21, 21@21⅛, 20⅝, 20¾c. Pork—per bbl, October $8 15, 8 15, 8 07½, 8 22½; January $9 25, 9 37½, 9 25, 9 37½. Lard, per 100 lbs, October $5 75, 5 75, 5 70, 5 75; January $5 72½, 5 75, 5 70, 5 75. Short ribs per 100 lbs, October $5 10, 5 17½, 5 10, 5 17½; January $4 82½, 4 82½, 4 75, 4 80.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 11.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat weak—No. 2 red spot 59½@59⅝c; September 59½@59⅝c; October 60¾@61c; December 62½@62⅝c. Steamer No. 2 red 56⅜@56⅞c; Southern wheat by sample 57@61½c; do on grade 58@61c. Corn weak—mixed spot 39½c asked; September 39c asked; October 38½@38⅝c; year 34@34½c; January 33⅜@33⅞c; Southern white corn 39@40c; do yellow 40@41c. Oats firm—No. 2 white Western 26½@27c; No 2 mixed do 24@24½c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

Sept. 11.—Galveston, firm at 8c, net receipts 2,415 bales; Norfolk, steady at 7¾, net receipts 35 bales; Baltimore, firm at 8⅜c, net receipts — bales; Boston, steady at 8⅜c, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, steady at 7⅝c, net receipts 81 bales; Philadelphia, steady at 8⅝c, net receipts 50 bales. Savannah, quiet at 7 7-16, net receipts 2,710 bales; New Orleans, steady at 7 15-16c, net receipts 1,434 bales; Mobile, quiet at 7 13-16c, net receipts 285 bales; Memphis, steady at 7⅞, net receipts 39 bales; Augusta, firm at 7⅝c, net receipts 503 bales; Charleston firm at 7⅝@7¾c, net receipts 679 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 11.—Noon.—Cotton moderate business done and prices firmer. American middling 4 11-32d. Sales 10,000 bales, of which 8,900 bales were American; speculation and export 500 bales. Receipts none. Futures opened steady and demand moderate; October and November 4 20-64@4 22-64d; November and December 4 21 64, 4 22-64@4 23-64d; December and January 4 23-64@4 24-64d; January and February 4 23-64, 4 24-64, 4 25-64, 4 26-64@4 25-64d; February and March 4 25-64@4 26-64d; March and April 4 26-64, 4 27-64@4 28-64d; May and June 4 29-64@4 30-64d. Futures steady at the advance.

4 P M—Cotton; American middling fair, 4 31-32d; good middling 4 17-32d; low middling 4 ¼d; good ordinary 4⅛d; ordinary 3 15-16d. September and October 4 19-64@4 20-64d buyer; October and November 4 18-64@4 19-64d; November and December 4 19-64@4 20-64d; December and January 4 20-64d buyer; January and February 4 21-64@4 22-64d seller; February, and March 4 22 64@4 23-64d buyer; March and April 4 24-64d seller; April and May 4 25-64@4 26-64d seller; May and June 4 26-64@4 27-64d buyer; June and July 4 28-64d seller. Futures closed barely steady.

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Br schr Ocean Lily, Watts, Port-au-Prince, Geo Harriss, Son & Co., cargo by S & W H Northrop.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

PORT-AU-PRINCE—Schr Ocean Lily—94,742 ft lumber, 5,000 brick.

MARINE DIRECTORY

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 11, 1895.

SCHOONERS.

Belle Hooper, 451 tons, Hall, Geo Harriss Son & Co.

Maggie Abbott, McIntosh, 224 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

W & H Wetherspoon (Br), 164 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Ocean Lily (Br), 136 ton, Watts Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Thos Clyde, 304 tons, Calhoun, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Walle (Nor), 591 tons, Johnsen, Heide & Co.

Chimae (Nor), 428 tons, Samuelsen, Heide & Co.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

Wilmington, N. C

Are now handling a few additional lines, such as

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

WATER COOLERS

COOK STOVES,

RANGES,

Garden Hose

Lawn Mowers.

They undoubtebly have the finest Cream Freezer and the lowest price Lawn Mowers ever brought to this market.

GOOD GOODS and SQUARE DEALING is their motto with those they sell to as well as those from whom they buy.

14 North Front Street,

Wilmington, N. C.

apl 28tf

1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

New Arrow Ties,

August and September

DELIVERY AT LOWEST PRICES

Get our prices before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.

Wholesale Grocers.

july 27 tf

Waverley BICYCLES.

Are the Highest of All High Grades.

Warranted superior to any Machine built in the world, regardless of price.

Guaranty Backed by a Million Dollar Company.

Whose bond is as good as gold. Do not be induced to pay more money, as the Waverley has no superior. Catalogue free.

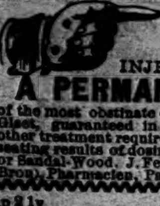
INDIANA BICYCLE CO, Indianapolis, Ind.

Thos. H. Wright, Exclusive Agent

ap 27 tf

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

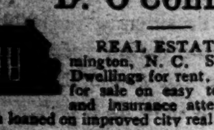
PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

ap 4 D & W 6m th sa tu



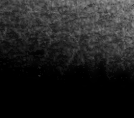
BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required, and without the nauseating results of dosing with Cubebs, Copaiba or Sandal-Wood. J. Ferré & Co., (successors to Brou), Pharmacien, Paris. At all druggists.

ap 2 1y wed

D. O'Connor,



REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 6 tf

Castoria

for

Infants and Children.

MOTHERS

Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poison?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher? That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well These Things are worth knowing. They are facts.

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

CASTORIA DESTROYS WORMS, ALLAYS FEVERISHNESS, CURES DIARRHŒA AND WIND COLIC, RELIEVES TEETHING TROUBLES AND CURES CONSTIPATION AND FLATULENCY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION

POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR

MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin	
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

PRAY FOR ME.

Pray for me, love, at dawn, what time
For thee my prayers arise,
That hand in hand our vows may climb
The steep path through the skies.

Pray for me, love, at eventide.
So shall the words we say
Meet in the mists and side by side
Speed up the beaten way—

That every time I kneel for thee
May my unhallowed prayer,
Coming in such good company,
Find sweet acceptance there.
—Pall Mall Gazette.

KISSED INTO LIFE.

She was tall and statuesque, with a figure that was a marvel of indolent grace and a face that might have been modeled from that of the fabled queen of beauty. Masses of gold brown hair, curling softly over a low Grecian brow, features that were faultless in their chiseled regularity, a white transparent skin veined delicately like the petal of a rose and great gray eyes under straight dark brows and long, sweeping lashes. Absolute perfection—nothing less—and yet—and yet it was a perfection that chilled and saddened you. She was like a snowy maiden or a marble sculpture—lovely to the eye, but icy cold to the touch. She had no warmth, no glow, no tenderness. She looked as Galatea might have looked before Pygmalion's ardent kisses awoke her to passionate life and the knowledge of a woman's soul.

Men raved about her beauty, but her immobility froze them, and they dared not approach her. When she was 25, she had never had a lover. No man had ever told her she was beautiful. No man had ever kissed her or even touched her hand save in the ordinary friendly greeting.

Then, when she was 25, she met Dick Vandeleur. Fate threw him across her track just by the merest accident and forgot to take him away again. So he staid.

Dick was 25, too, a man in years, but a boy in everything else—ardent, impetuous, careless, sanguine, with all a boy's happy, hopeful belief in himself and the unknown future, a boy's trusting heart and a boy's sunny smile.

It was a wonderful thing, that smile of his. No one could resist it. Men invariably thawed before its genial warmth, while women—well, no woman ever said "No" to Dick Vandeleur. He was not the sort of a man that women said "No" to.

Well, as I said before, fate threw him across Patricia Campbell's path and left him there. It suited him very well to be left there, and he had no wish for fate to remember him and take him away, for he found Patricia the most interesting and fascinating woman, from certain points of view, that he had ever met. The very qualities in her that repelled other men attracted him. Perhaps it was the force of contrast, perhaps it was an undercurrent of sympathy, perhaps—but what is the use of speculating? In this tangled skein of life there are so many cross threads that to all appearances start nowhere and go nowhere, so many effects to which we can assign no cause.

Patricia's beautiful impassive face set him thinking, and the second time he saw her he said in his casual way:

"I say, Miss Campbell, I want you to do something for me. I've got a bright idea. Will you help me to carry it out?"

Patricia looked at him doubtfully. In all her life no man had come to her for help before, and the novelty of the situation impressed her. She did not quite know what to say.

"Help you?" she repeated in a dubious tone, and then she added, "Can I?"

"Rather!" cried Dick. "I should just think you can, if you only will."

She was still looking at him in that wondering way. "Tell me how," she said.

He went a step nearer and looked down at her with his winning smile.

"You can sit for me," he answered, "and you will, won't you? You don't mind my asking you, do you?"

So the bargain was struck, and the oddly assorted pair proceeded to carry it out.

Patricia displayed a patience that seemed inexhaustible. She never fidgeted, never complained. When once Dick had posed her, she would remain in the same position for any length of time, and if she grew tired or cold or cramped she kept her secret, and he was none the wiser.

At last the great work began to progress, and Dick spoiled no more canvases. He had got fairly under way, and the successful realization of the ideal was only a question of time.

"I've never come anywhere near this before," he said to Patricia one morning. "I always hoped that some day I should paint a picture that would make me famous, and now I am doing it. This will make me famous, and I shall owe my fame to you."

"Am I like that?" she asked.

Dick glanced from the living face at his elbow to the pictured frame before him. Patricia's impassive beauty, with rare and subtle skill—the waving glory of the bright hued hair, the straight lines of the finely chiseled features, the pure tints of the velvety skin, the serene unconsciousness of the clear, gray eyes—these little things were rendered in a lifelike fidelity that was startling in its vivid realism. But beyond and above all this he had seized upon and emphasized that which is the keynote of her personality—the marble coldness, the lack of woman's softness and tenderness, the absence of soul that made her face so perfect a realization of his ideal of Galatea.

"You are just like that," he answered, with conviction.

Patricia was silent for a moment, then:

"I do not know," she said slowly, and her tone made Dick wonder of what she could be thinking.

But he did not ask. He had found long ago that asking Patricia questions was rather unsatisfactory occupation.

"Pygmalion of old fell in love with his own creation and kissed it into life," he cried. "I am sure I am not surprised, if—if"—

He broke off suddenly, and Patricia turned away. Dick's eyes followed her curiously. He was wondering if the most impetuous of lovers, the most ardent of kisses, could have the power to wake within her the passionate loving woman's soul that the touch of Pygmalion's lips had once upon a time awakened within his Galatea's marble form.

The picture was accepted by the all powerful forty and well hung, and it proved the feature of that year's Academy. The critics had nothing but praise for it, and the crowds of visitors who daily thronged the rooms of Burlington House were unanimous in their verdict. Popular feeling ran so high that "Galatea" had to be provided with a railing and a policeman. Dick Vandeleur's name was made.

"I owe everything to you," he said to Patricia, "everything."

Now, this was not strictly true, and the impulsive words were the outcome of a somewhat illogical reasoning, but Dick was not always logical when he was talking to a woman.

Patricia caught the false note at once and shook her head.

"No," she answered. "There are many things that you don't owe to me. Your talent, for instance—that is a heaven sent gift. If you had never seen me, you would still have been famous some day."

"I should not," Dick returned, with conviction. "You inspired me. What is talent without inspiration?" Then he moved a little nearer. "Don't reason with me," he pleaded. "I don't want to be reasoned with. I like to think I owe everything to you. Let me think it, Patricia."

Patricia did not answer. She only flushed faintly. Considered from an artistic point of view that soft, slow blush was the most perfect thing in the world, and Dick's eyes were all ablaze as he looked down at her.

"I owe you," he went on, "a debt that I can never pay off in this life. The balance will have to be carried over to the next, I'm afraid." He paused for a moment, then put his hand over hers as it lay idly on the table. "It is not only a name and fame and fortune," he added. "There is something else that I owe you—something more precious than either."

The light still lingered upon her face when Dick came back. He saw it as she turned to meet him, and this new, marvelous beauty of hers, this glowing, pulsating womanhood, instinct with passionate life, came upon him with an actual physical shock. He stopped short, gazing at her spellbound.

"By Jove!" he muttered under his breath. "By Jove!" Then he went forward. "How different you look tonight!" he said. "What is it?"

His eyes wandered over her as he spoke, seeking some reason for the change, but he could find none. Her gown was one that he knew well; she had not altered the arrangement of her hair; everything about her was much as usual. No, the change owed nothing to outward influence. It came from within her.

Even as Dick grasped this fact an idea struck him suddenly. Was it his kiss, the touch of his lips on hers, that had wrought this startling change? For a moment the thought made him cower guiltily. Then he dismissed it as quickly as it had come. No, it could not be that—that was not enough.

"Patricia," he said, putting her hand in his.

Patricia was lost in a dreamlike silence, looking down at the hand that held her own. What a strong hand it was, and what subtle sympathy seemed to be conveyed by its close grasp! The sense of physical contact with him thrilled her strangely.

"May I," he asked in a hurried tone, "come in this evening and tell you what it is?"

Her eyes were still fixed on the clasped hands, hers in his.

"Yes," she answered.

Then she withdrew her hand slowly, and as she did so Dick stooped down and kissed her.

The next moment he was gone.

Patricia stood where he had left her. Her pulses were throbbing wildly, and the blood was coursing through her veins in a torrent of liquid fire. Still outwardly she was unchanged. Then all at once a light broke over her face—a light that suffused and irradiated it with a rosy glow, a new, strange beauty. She was transfigured. Her lips parted, her cheeks flushed, her eyes softened with passion and tenderness unspeakable. In that one moment she had passed from the marble semblance of a woman to a woman indeed, with a woman's heart beating in her breast and the dawn of a woman's love stirring her being to its utmost depths. It was the soul's awakening.

He had taken her hand and called her by her name in the afternoon, and she had not rebuked him, so he took her hand and called her by her name again that night. That is a man's way.

Patricia looked up at him.

"Yes," she said.

Dick drew his breath hard, and for a moment he could not speak. Her eyes, with that new light glowing in their depths, were enough to set a man's very soul on fire. He had a fight for self control.

"I have a confession to make to you," he went on, rather unsteadily. "When you have heard it, perhaps you will say I ought to have made it before. And yet I don't know why you should. It is a secret that is only known to two people in the world besides myself. Possibly it won't interest you, but I think it will, because—because we have been such good friends. I am married. That is it. I married five years ago. I was only a boy then, with neither money nor prospects, and God knows I had no right to persuade any woman to join her life to mine. But—but we don't always do what is right—and she has never reproached me, never once. Until now I have had no chance of making a home for her. She has staid with her mother, and I have lived from hand to mouth, painting pot boilers and trusting to luck, making the most of the present and leaving the future to take care of itself. But now all that is changed. I can make a home for her now and give her all the things she has waited for so long and so patiently, and I am going to do it—I am going to do it. She is a good little thing, the best and truest little woman in the world. And she never reproached me once." He paused for a moment and passed his hand over his eyes. "There's a child, too," he added in a lower tone.

He looked at Patricia with a quick and somewhat uneasy glance, but she stood quite still and silent. She did not even withdraw her hand.

"You see how much I owe to you," he went on hurriedly, "not only name and fame and fortune, but also the power to atone to my wife all these years of waiting, the power to make a home for her and the child. I can never hope to pay off such a debt."

Patricia raised her eyes to his and smiled.

"There is no debt," she said. "It is paid already. If I have added to your happiness, that is enough for me. I was not used to helping people. No one ever asked me for help until you came. But I have helped you, and I am satisfied."

Dick started as her voice fell on his ear. It was so changed that he hardly knew it. The tenderness that had thrilled in the soft tones was gone, leaving it dull and cold and lifeless as it had been when he first met her. He looked at her curiously and saw that her face was changed too. The light that still lingered upon it was but the ghost of what it had been—the faint reflection of that marvelous glow of warmth and passion that had flashed upon him with such bewildering beauty only a short time ago. A shadow dimmed the lovely radiance of her eyes. Her mouth was set in rigid, inflexible lines. The marble coldness and hardness of the old days were creeping over her again. He drew a long, deep breath, for in that moment the truth was revealed to him, and the vague, uneasy doubts that had filled his mind gave place to a certain knowledge. He now knew that he, like Pygmalion of old, had kissed his Galatea into life and awakened a woman's heart within her marble breast; knew, too, that almost in the same hour as that in which he had given her life he had taken the precious gift away.

The soul was dead, and a soul knows no second birth on this side of eternity.—London Truth.

A SINFUL WASTE.

Good Food Allowed to Decay a Feature of American Households.

There are few households in the land but have a periodical recrudescence of economy in the matter of food supply. A big grocer's or butcher's bill immediately suggests that there should be some economy practiced "somewhere."

The present activity in the field of dietetics should spread valuable knowledge into every kitchen. It is already showing benefits in the matter of nutritious food versus medicine.

Housewives do not always realize that they have a prominent part to play in this grave question of the day, the "disposal of garbage." That responsibility lies within the domestic threshold, and to consign the collection of waste to the scavenger is not the limit of her power nor a self satisfying conclusion. What she consigns does not concern her, and this "bete noir" found in every part of the land, a subject fraught with almost insurmountable difficulties to those whose business it is to find a healthful and quick disposal of garbage, is far more the business of the housekeeper than she is willing to acknowledge. We must go back of the garbage can to find the cause. American extravagance is proverbial the world over. We provide with a lavish hand. Unskilled and indifferent help waste accordingly. Expenditure for food in a large percentage of the middle and lower classes is estimated to take very often fully three-fourths of the income. Actual consumption and benefit derived from quantity supplied is notably small in the wealthier families.

Convincing proof is found in the overflowing garbage can. Lack of robustness among a certain class and the amount of debility afflicting a majority of people prove to investigators a want of proper nutriment to build up the overwrought body, which must endure somehow the strain and stress of American life and climate.

The unintelligent methods of poor servants, unskilled in handling food, is one cause of the effect. It is considered their prerogative to waste what does not suit their fancy. "Leavings" which may be the best portions from the mistresses' table are not palatable to their taste, and so good material is speedily hidden from sight, more is called for, and a haphazard supply to keep Bridget good natured furnishes her with an abundance to overflow ash cans, clog pipes, choke traps, fill cesspools, draw vermin and offer culture as a medium for the ubiquitous microbe. Noxious odors offend nostrils and dangerous effluvia jeopardize health and obstruct sanitary measures.

It is just this waste in the world that has been the cause of plagues, pestilences and diseases. It is wasted time, strength, money, happiness and, too often, life.—Baltimore American.

The Novel of Religion.

I heard long ago of an enterprising tradesman who desired to have the Old Testament at least broken into a series of romances. By others, very likely much less pious men, no version of these narratives can be tolerated except the ancient original versions. Yet many readers or hearers are so familiar with these, or think themselves so familiar (they would probably break down under examination), that something more "spicy" is required by them. I have read an American novel about the love affairs of Judas Iscariot and Mary Magdalene. It did not interest me, I own, but it did make me laugh. Probably a more pious student would have been edified. There is no accounting for tastes. Perhaps no Biblical novel has ever won critical applause or been reckoned a piece of literature. But such novels hit a large class of readers whose tastes in other matters is not always bad.

It would be interesting to know what the wits and critics of the restoration thought and said about "The Pilgrim's Progress." Probably they never looked into the cheap little book at all, the book which has outlived Etherege and Sedley and Rochester and the rest of them. Of course it does not by any means follow that every religious novel read by the people who do read such things and neglected by critics is on a level with Bunyan's masterpiece.—Andrew Lang in Longman's Magazine.

In the Boston Atmosphere.

Chicago Visitor—What would you do if you was me?

Boston Maid—Well, the first thing I'd do, I believe, would be to take a few lessons in grammar.—Detroit Free Press.

Where It Is Folly to Trust.

"Don't you think the man who marries for money is a fool?"

"He is unless he gets it in advance."—Indianapolis Journal.

Ole Bull, the violinist, had a decidedly clerical appearance and was often taken for a parson.

HE KEPT THE CHECK.

Turfman Green Morris Was Too Cunning For the Banks.

With so many bank robberies all around us it is not surprising that there should be some uneasiness among depositors. In general, however, the New Yorker has a clear head. He has faith in the Clearing House association, because he really does not quite understand the mystery of it, and he believes in his bank through thick and thin because he has seen the banks of the city stand together in support of a weakened institution. I am reminded of what happened to Green Morris, the turfman, who lived in Brooklyn and raced horses on all the tracks of the metropolitan circuit. He had a big year of winnings at Monmouth park, and received at the end of the season a check from the association for $67,000. Eighteen months later he showed that check to me, considerably worn.

"Why, Green," I said reproachfully, "this check is 18 months old. What do you mean by keeping it so long? It is nearly worn out. Don't you know that a check should be deposited at once or cashed? Suppose the bank was to fail?"

Green chuckled knowingly and winked as he folded it up and put it back in his pocketbook.

"I ain't been racin hosses for nothin these goin on nigh 20 year. I ain't got no faith in no banks. They's too much failin to suit me. That's whut I've allus been afraid of, an that's why I'm holdin on to my check. I ain't a-goin to have no bank failin with my money in the safe. Besides I ain't had no use for the $67,000, an it's jes' as easy to keep it in my pocket this way."

This same Green is worth now $300,000 or $400,000, and yet cannot write his name.—New York Press.

"Christ Hath Risen."

All at once is heard in the distance the clear boom of the cannon announcing the hour of midnight. The Russian priest, standing on the steps of the altar, swings his censer and announces in tones which penetrate to the farthest corners of the edifice, "Christos voskres" (Christ hath risen), and the people answer him with one voice, "Vo istine voskres" (In truth he hath risen). The woman standing nearest the priest lights her taper at the consecrated one presented to her by him, her neighbor in turn receives the light from her, and so on, till in a minute, as it were, the chapel was illuminated with a hundred lights.

Fathers and mothers, sons and daughters, friends and relations embraced one another, kissing three times on the forehead and either cheek and exchanging the Easter greeting. The whole congregation, then passing before the priest, did the same with him, and high mass now followed.—Chambers' Journal.

Transporting Carp.

When packing live carp for transport by post, some authorities recommend placing in their mouths a small piece of bread, well steeped in brandy, but I do not myself approve of this plan, as I believe it tends to encourage the fish in a disastrous love for ardent spirits. The eminently respectable Dutch, on the other hand, keep carp through the winter hung up in baskets, but feed them on a blameless course of bread and milk, which the sternest moralist could not fail to approve of.—Cornhill Magazine.

Summer Resorts.

Warren White Sulphur Springs,

VIRGINIA.

The Oldest Summer Resort in the United States. Established 1734.

TERMS.

Per week, one person........$15.00
Per month, one person........40.00
Two persons in one room....70.00

Special rates to parties of three or more.

Good Fishing, Boating and Bathing.

DISTANCE FROM

Richmond & Danville R. R. 1 mile.
Norfolk & Western R. R....3 miles.
Baltimore & Ohio R. R.....4 miles.

Eight different waters, namely: White, Red and Blue Sulphur, Alum, Iron, Arsenic. Chalybeate and Lithia.

On top of the "Three Top Range" of the Masamitten chain of Mountains. Elevation 2,100 feet above the sea. No mosquitoes, gnats or malaria.

Address, C. W. CULLEN & SON, Cullen P. O., Virginia.
je 9 3m

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

WILL OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,

Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.
my 23 tf

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.
CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.
CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.
NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO

WILMINGTON N. C.

Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

THE LATEST. THE GREATEST

Ninth Edition.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

Not Condensed
Not Revised.
Not Mutilated.

—BUT—

The Great And Only

Encyclopædia Britannica.

Complete in 25 Volumes

The Encyclopædia Britannica is not only a complete compendium of all knowledge, but it is a dictionary of biography, a record of inventions, a history of discoveries, a calendar of dates, a registry of events, a glossary of technical and scientific terms, a collection of mathematical, chemical, and mechanical formulas, a handbook of law, a medical guide.

Best Atlas in the World.

The most thorough and reliable key to business knowledge, a manual of games, sports and amusements, a theranus of statistics, a history of all countries and people, a storehouse of criticism, a treasury of curious learning, a vade mecum for the household and farm, as for the office and library, a repertory of useful information. If the professional or the business man should undertake to put upon his library shelves the special treaties, which would cover as wide a range of topics as those gathered in the Britannica, relating to his own pursuits, his purchases would extend over scores of volumes, some of them rare and expensive, and many of them not brought down to date.

Of all the works of reference now in the market, the Encyclopædia Britannica is not only the most comprehensive, but by far the cheapest, even at

The STAR will for a short time furnish this great work in Cloth binding at $1.60 per volume; in full sheep at $2.20 per volume, and will deliver the whole set upon payment of $5 cash, giving you long time to pay the balance.

The purchase of any Encyclopædia short of the best is not only bad judgment, but worse economy. The STAR will furnish you this, the greatest literary production of the century, at one-third the former price and on terms so accommodating that none need deny themselves the great advantage of owning this mine of information. Remember that the present is the only time we can call our own. We reserve the privilege of withdrawing this offer at any time. It is made as a favor to the STAR'S readers, and for the purpose of increasing our circulation. You are invited to call and examine the books, or send us your address for further particulars. Out of town subscribers can order by mail, and the books will be sent prepaid.

The Original Price of $8 Per Volume.

Heretofore this work could be obtained only at a great cost—from $125 to $200. It is now, for the first time, placed within reach of the masses. A saving of only 15 cents a day gives you this never-failing fountain of knowledge. Is it not worth such a slight effort to obtain it?

The Star Britannica Department,

9 and 11 Princess Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

MAXTON BUILDING

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
J. S. McRae, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.
J. H. Morrison, Lumberton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share. Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

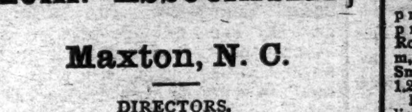
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
June 8 1m

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.



ON AND AFTER JULY 18TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows:

Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 and 10.10 a. m., and 3.00, 5.00 and 7.25 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4.00, 6.00 and 9.30 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 12 m and 5.30 p. m.

OSCAR GRANT, Acting Superintendent.
aug 3 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Sept. 1, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 8	STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND 7
A M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
8 30	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	6 20
10 34	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	14 23
11 07	Lv.. Maysville..........Lv	3 51
11 22	Lv.. Pollocksville.......Lv	3 36
12 00	Ar.. Newbern Lv	3 00
P M		P M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9.30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. sep 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPT 8, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkin 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.20 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M. No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.03 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.33 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 a m. No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9.50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4.40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m.; arrive Plymouth 9.00 p m, 5.25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.00 p m, arrive Bishopville 7.39 p m, Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7.00 a m; arrive Elliott 7.38 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9.12 a m, Rowland 9.31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6.00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6.40 p m, arrive Clio 8.05 p m, returning leave Chio 6.10 a m, arrive Latta 7.50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.25 p m, arrive Darlington 8.05 a m, 8.55 a m, 7.50 p m, Hartsville 8.45 p m, Bennettsville 8.54 p m, Gibson 9.20 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Gibson 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 7.11 a m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.08 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.33 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †6.11 a m, arrives Sumter †9.40 a m. Leave Sumter †9.50 a m, arrives Pregnalls †12.35 a m. Leaves Sumter 4.19 a m, arrives Denmark 6.11 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4.17 p m, arrive Sumter 6.03 p m. Leaves Pregnalls †2.50 a m, arrives Sumter †5.40 p m. Leaves Sumter †6.15 p m, arrives Darlington †7.45 p m.

†Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 12 tf

The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspapers published in Pennsalvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving itt and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $3.00 per annum, $1.00 for four months, 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages, 168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2.00 per annum, 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5.00 per annum, 50 cents per month. Weekly edition, 50 cents per annum.

Address all letters to THE TIMES.

IS KENTUCKY A DOUBTFUL STATE?

The peculiar political conditions that exist in Kentucky have led many people to believe that the State is a doubtful one and that the Republicans have a chance to carry it this fall. For this reason there is great interest, both at home and abroad, in accurate and reliable political news from all parts of the State. The Weekly Courier-Journal is now covering this field perfectly, and it is publishing the news without bias or prejudice. A close reader of the Weekly Courier-Journal should be able to forecast in advance what will be the outcome of the State election next November. In addition to giving all the political news and all the news of every kind, the Weekly Courier Journal is offering to its subscribers $5,000 in cash presents for guesses as to the exact vote and closest to the actual vote that will be received by the Democratic, Republican and Populist candidates for Governor of Kentucky. The price of the paper is only one dollar a year. Sample copies containing full details of the cash present plan will be sent free to any address. Write to COURIER-JOURNAL COMPANY, Louisville, Ky. aug 21 3t

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT JUNE 23, 1895

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
5 55 p. m	Ar...Wilmington...Lve	9 05 a. m
2 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	12 15 p m
2 15 "	Ar .. Fayetteville ... Lv	12 45
"	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	
12 50 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	2 16 "
10 50 a m	Lv......Climax......Lv	4 19 p. m
10 20 "	Lv....Greensboro....Ar	4 50 "
10 11 "	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	5 00 "
9 28 "	Lv....Stokesdale....Lv	5 55 "
8 59 a m	Lv...Walnut Cove...Ar	6 25 "
8 55 "	Ar..Walnut Cove...Lv	6 30 "
8 29 "	Lv....Rural Hall...Lv	6 58 "
7 05 "	Lv.....Mt Airy.....Ar	8 25 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 15 a. m.
6 12 "	Ar.......Maxton.... Lv	9 29 "
5 40 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	9 55 "
4 54 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 35 "
4 35 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	10 55

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED
6 00 p m	Ar..... Ramseur Lv	8 50 a m
4 20 "	Lv ..... Climax Lv	7 35 "
3 00 "	Lv ... Greensboro.... Ar	8 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED daily ex sun
Leave Greensboro........................	9 15 a. m
Leave Stokesdale........................	10 50 "
Arrive Madison..........................	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED daily ex sun
Leave Madison...........................	12 30 p. m
Leave Stokesdale........................	1 35 "
Arrive Greensboro.......................	2 40

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

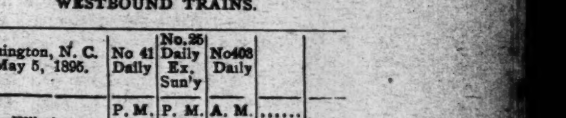
At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

Trains No. 1 and 2 dinner at Fayetteville.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.
my 18 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 403 Daily	
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......	......
		A. M.		
Leave Maxton	6 13	12 45	......	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54	......
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08	......
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49	......
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55	......
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 43	......
Leave Charlotte			10 43	......
Leave Lincolnton			12 05	......
			P. M.	......
Leave Shelby			1 50	......
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30	......

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 402 Daily
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30	
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	6 05	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4 00 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

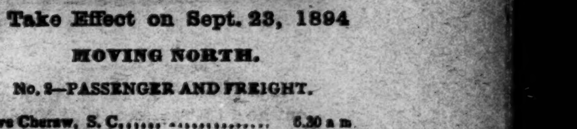
Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President.
JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mgr. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C. .... 6.30 a m
Leave Kollock Station .... 6.50 a m
Leave Osborne, N. C. .... 7.20 a m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C. .... 7.40 a m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT

Leave Hamlet, N. C. .... 8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C. .... 9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station .... 9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C. .... 9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North, South, East and West.

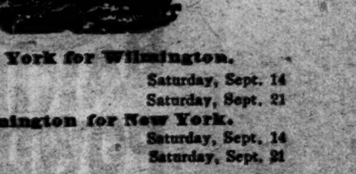
sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C.

AND

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA, Saturday, Sept. 14
CROATAN, Saturday, Sept. 21

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN, Saturday, Sept. 14
ONEIDA, Saturday, Sept. 21

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN, Tuesday, Sept. 10
ONEIDA, Tuesday, Sept. 17

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. sep 3 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEP. 12, 1895

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Dull and Lower—Corn Inactive at a Decline—Lard Lower—Ribs Unchanged.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—To-day's wheat market resembled many in the recent past in that it was a declining one and because of the comparatively small volume of trading. The Government report apparently had little effect in determining the course of prices. December wheat opened from 58⅝@58¾c, sold between 58⅝ and 57½c, closing 57½@57⅝c—1¼c under yesterday. Cash wheat was 1c per bushel lower.

Corn—After vainly endeavoring to maintain a firm position corn finally acquiesced in the weakness communicated by the wheat market. The Government report reduced the condition of corn slightly, but that was expected and consequently values were not affected on that score. May corn opened at 29½c, declined to 28⅞c and closed at 29c—⅝c under yesterday. Cash corn was ½@1c per bushel lower, closing nominally at the extreme inside.

Oats—Owing to the extreme heat and to the lifelessness of the other markets, oats were unable to make even a pretense of activity. May oats closed ½c under yesterday. Cash oats held firm, the nominal close showing some weakness.

Provisions—Here as in the grain pits the most notable feature was the dullness of trade. Lower hogs were not calculated to inspire buyers of the product with any ardor, and in a speculative way the weakness of wheat extended anything but an encouraging influence. At the close October pork was 12½c lower, October lard 2½c lower, October ribs unchanged.

DISASTROUS FIRE.

Tobacco Warehouses Burned with Quantities of Leaf Tobacco—Loss Over $150,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LANCASTER, PA., September 11.—The most disastrous leaf tobacco fire in the history of this city started at 3 o'clock this morning, in the warehouse of Jno. F. Brimmer, on Tobacco avenue, and communicated to the warehouse owned by R. H. Brubaker, both of which were entirely destroyed with their contents. In the Brimmer warehouse were fifteen hundred cases of leaf tobacco owned by John F. Brimmer, the loss on which is estimated at $45,000, with $5,000 loss on the building. Insurance $40,000. In the Brimmer warehouse were 1,193 cases of leaf tobacco owned by the trustees of the preferred creditors of Amos B Hostetter, the Philadelphia and Lancaster dealer who made a very disastrous failure some months ago. This tobacco was also entirely destroyed, entailing a loss of over $65,000; insurance not yet ascertained, but will not cover the loss. The loss on the warehouse will not reach $5,000. The tobacco warehouses on either side were occupied by J. Bunzl & Sons, of New York, and are filled with leaf tobacco, which was badly damaged by water and smoke, but the loss cannot be estimated at present, no member of the firm being in town. The fire was undoubtedly of incendiary origin. John F. Brimmer's insurance is $48,000 and the insurance on the Hostetter tobacco is $5,500.

COKE WORKERS.

The Strike Movement Rapidly Gaining Foothold.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Sept. 11.—The coke workers held numerous meetings last night, and reports received thus far to-day indicate that the strike movement is rapidly gaining a foothold throughout the region. The fact that the new Atlas Company has granted the demand for the 11 per cent. advance convinces the cokers that the other companies can also pay the increase. The employes of the Stewart Company will lay down their tools unless the demand is granted by the company.

One of the labor leaders is authority for the statement that the southern end of the Union is well organized, and the men will go on strike Monday next. Another delegate convention will be held in Scottsdale Monday to formulate plans for conducting the strike.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Capt. J H. Sands Assigned to the Command of the Cruiser Columbia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Secretary Herbert announced this afternoon that Capt. J. H. Sands had been assigned to the command of the cruiser Columbia, relieving Capt. Geo. W. Sumner, recently tried by court martial. While the findings of the court martial in Capt. Sumner's case have not been made public the fact that he has been detached shows that the verdict was unfavorable to him. It will probably be some time before Capt. Sumner's fate is made known, as the case will go to the President, who has been exceedingly careful and painstaking in deciding every case involving the future of a naval officer charged with a serious offense after a life-time of efficient service and no speedy action may be expected. Capt. Sands is stationed at the Portsmouth (N. H.) navy yard.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

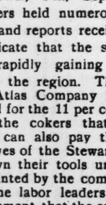
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 11.—Spirits turpentine dull but steady at 27¼@27¾c. Rosin quiet but steady; strained common to good $1 47½@1 52½.

CHARLESTON, September 11.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24½c bid; receipts 17 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 00@1 15; receipts 151 barrels.

SAVANNAH, September 11.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c for regulars, and closed at 25½c. with sales of 800 casks; receipts 689 casks. Rosin closed firm and unchanged, with sales of 3,000 barrels.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,

106 Wall Street, N. Y.

HENRY OF NAVARRE

WON THE GREAT RACE AT SHEEPSHEAD BAY

To Settle the Question of the Best Horse of the Year—Ten Thousand People Present—Heavy Betting.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY RACE TRACK, September 11.—Close to 10,000 people were present here to-day. The programme was of a high order, but the magnet that drew the spectators was the meeting of three cracks, Domino, Henry of Navarre and Rey El Santa Anita, at a mile and a furlong. The outcome was to settle the question of the best horse of the year. The talent were staunch in their allegiance to Henry of Navarre. Domino was second choice, Rey El Santa Anita had the consideration of the Pacific coast contingent only. The big race was the fifth on the card and Henry of Navarre opened and ruled as the favorite throughout the quotations. Riley Grannan went the rounds of the ring with Henry of Navarre money. His biggest bet was with Joe Ullman, who laid him $12,000 against $10,000. When the flag fell, the young Western plunger stood to win $60,000 on Henry of Navarre. At the eleventh hour it looked very much as if the battle for the supremacy of the American turf would not take place, both E. J. Baldwin, the owner of the Santa Anita stable, and Byron McClelland, who trains and manages Henry of Navarre, declined to race their horses unless Jas. R. Keene signed an agreement to race two longer distances under similar conditions. After a long argument Mr. Keene agreed to race and signed the articles to that effect.

It was 4.15 o'clock when the bugle summoned the champions to the post. Henty of Navarre was the first to appear. He was followed by Domino and Rey El Santa Anita.

The trio were greeted with applause. Domino was somewhat fractious at the post and they got the signal to depart on the second break. Domino had the rail and at once settled down to set a killing pace. He carried his rivals along at a terrific clip, having a clear and decisive lead until the upper turn was reached. At the far turn Henry of Navarre and Rey El Santa Anita began to wear down Domino's lead. As they swung into the home stretch Henry of Navarre was within striking distance of Domino. Henry of Navarre gradually closed up on Domino, and was on even terms with him before the 16th post was reached. A frightful drive ensued. Taral rode like a demon, but it was of no avail. The distance was too much for Domino, and Henry of Navarre flashed by the post a winner of the first of the championship series, a neck in front of him. Rey El Santa Anita was a bad last.

The other big event on the card was the race for the September stakes for 3 year-olds, cash value $3,500, and was won by Nanki-Pooh, after a severe drive with the odds on the favorite, Flying Dutchman, defeating him by two lengths. Counter Tenor came strong in the stretch and snatched the place from Flying Dutchman by a head in the last stride. The time, 2.21, is a new record. M. F. Dwyer's Harry Reed made his first appearance here to-day. He was entered in the third race, and went to the post favorite. He won by an open length from Nick, with Waltzer third.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

The New York Sun's Review of the Situation in Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept 11.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined twelve to thirteen points, then rallied and closed steady at a net decline of ten to eleven points, with sales of 287,800 bales. Liverpool advanced 1-32d on the spot, with sales of 1,000 bales; futures advanced four and one-half to five and one-half points, but reacted and closed unchanged to one point higher for the day and barely steady. New Orleans declined fifteen points and recovered four points of this. Spot cotton here was quiet at 1-16c decline, with sales of 287 bales for spinning, and 900 delivered on contract; middling uplands 8 5-16c. New Orleans sold 2,050 bales; receipts there to-morrow estimated at 1,000 to 1,200 bales, against 2,319 last Thursday and 1,416 last year. In Manchester yarns were quiet and firm; cloths quiet. The port receipts were 7,689 bales.

To-day's features: The effects of realizing were clearly perceptible here and in Liverpool as well as in New Orleans. The Liverpool market was disappointing to the bulls in this country. It opened with a brave front, but soon receded. Some of the crop advices from Texas were more favorable, but drought still prevails in Tennessee and Texas and most of the crop news from the South is unfavorable. The receipts continued considerably below those of last year, though larger than they were recently. Print cloths advanced, and it is said that Eastern spinners show a disposition to buy raw material. At the same time there was heavy realizing here for local, Wall street, Southern, Liverpool and Continental account, and prices gave way at least for the time being.

ENDORSED BY POPULISTS.

The Silver Convention Called to Meet in Raleigh September 25th.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 11.—The conference of Populists at which Senator Butler presided to-day decided to endorse the non-partisan State silver convention, called by Democrats to meet here September 25th.

The folllowing was issued, signed by Senator Butler, as member of the National Committee, and B. F. Keith, as vice-president of the Memphis silver convention: "A call having been made for a non-partisan State free silver convention, uniting all persons of all popular parties who favor free, independent and unlimited coinage of silver and gold into full legal tender dollars at the ratio of 16 to 1, and inasmuch as such convention will be on the line of the Memphis silver convention and will tend to get all true friends of silver together under one banner to fight the foreign gold trust and its American tory allies; therefore we favor the holding of such silver convention and call upon honest money free silver clubs of the State and all other persons who favor the objects of said clubs to attend."

The State Colored Convention met here this afternoon with fifty delegates, representing fifteen counties. C. H. King is presiding. It is an intelligent body. Resolutions were adopted saying the time has come for the negro to take independent action and creating a board to be known as the Advisory Board to decide on the best interests of negroes, socially, morally and politically.

The official time of the Central Railroad's flying trip is: Distance, New York to East Buffalo, 486¼ miles; elapsed time, 407 minutes; average 64⅛ miles an hour. English record, 63⅛ miles an hour.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

PROTEST SUSTAINED.

TUESDAY'S RACE GOES TO DEFENDER

The Regatta Committee Wanted the Race Resailed, But Each Preferred Judgment Should be Passed on the Protest.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 11.—The Regatta Committee of the New York Yacht Club rendered a decision late this afternoon, sustaining Mr. Iselin's protest against Valkyrie, and awarding yesterday's race to Defender.

This result was reached after deliberations and conferences lasting practically all day. As the occurrence was directly under the eyes of the committee, and was also witnessed by thousands of spectators, there was only one decision possible. Every one conversant with racing of yachts and rules of the road at sea agreed that the British yacht was at fault. Lord Dunraven and his friends, however, held that his boat was crowded by Defender, and that the accident was unavoidable. The committee gave each side ample opportunity to state their case and took the testimony of the captains of each yacht and of others who were on board. Mr. David Henderson, who sailed on the Defender as the representative of Lord Dunraven and Mr. J. R. Bush, who represented the New York Yacht Club on the Valkyrie, each reported on the occurrence. All the interested parties were at the yacht club house until late in the afternoon. With Lord Dunraven were Rear Commodore Arthur Glennie, of the Royal Clyde Yacht Club; Sailmaker Ratsey, H. Maitland Kersey, Captain Scranfield and Sycamore. In Mr. Iselin's party were Woodbury Kane, Newbery Thorne and Herbert C. Leeds.

It was 4.30 p. m. when the decision was announced. It was in the form of a reply to Mr. Iselin's protest and made as follows:

"Mr. C. Oliver Iselin: We beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of yesterday protesting Valkyrie. We have given the matter our careful consideration and believe that the foul occurred through the miscalculation of the distance between the two yachts at a critical moment. From our observation, sustained by that of others, who were in good position to see, we find that the Valkyrie, in contravention of section 11 of racing rule 16, bore down upon the Defender and fouled her by the swinging of her main boom when luffing to straighten her course. We also consider that Defender allowed Valkyrie plenty of room to windward to pass clear of the committee boat. Your protest is, therefore, sustained.

"(Signed) S. Nicholson Kane, chairman, Irving Grinnell, Chester Griswold."

Lord Dunraven accepts the decision and will have the Valkyrie at the line to-morrow for the third of the international races.

The Regatta Committee posted the following notice at the house of the New York Yacht Club this afternoon:

"To Members of the New York Yacht Club: Your committee beg to state that before arriving at a decision on the Defender's protest, they endeavored to bring about an agreement between the respective yachts to resail yesterday's race, but each preferred that the committee should pass judgment on the protest. [Signed] THE REGATTA COMMITTEE."

The Defender's cracked topmast and starboard spreader were taken down. The horn of the spreader was broken entirely off, while the topmast had a split in it about one-third of the distance up from the mainmast head. Another spar to take its place has been brought to the basin. It is not a new spar, but one made for the Colonia. Capt. Haff said it would answer the purpose all right. It weighs 400 pounds less that the old stick. The damaged spreader was also taken down. Its outboard end looked as though it had been chawed off.

The Defender's water line will not be remeasured, but the Valkyrie's will. Eighteen pigs of lead, weighing about one and one quarter tons, were removed from her hold to-day, and she will set higher on the water. Probably the difference in water line measurement will wipe out the twenty-nine and one-tenth seconds time allowance.

To-morrow's race will be fifteen miles to windward and return. The start will be from Sandy Hook lightship, unless the committee establishes another starting point in order to obtain a windward course of fifteen miles.

The same rules that governed the first two races will prevail. Should the Defender win to-morrow, the America's cup will remain here another year at least and the international yachting contest of 1895 will be closed.

FOUR MEN KILLED.

Fatal Explosion of a Caisson at the G. A. R. Celebration in Louisville.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Sept. 11.—Four members of the Louisville Legion were instantly killed this morning by the explosion of ammunition in the caisson of the gun which was being driven to Phœnix hill for service in connection with the G. A. R. parade. The victims were: Corporal A. T. Robinson, 2238 Grayson; Private C. Woods, 1081 Vine; Private A. McBride, 535 West Chestnut; William Adams, colored, driver. The soldiers killed were members of Battery A and belonged to a section of six in charge of one gun. Capt. David Castleman was in command. The four unfortunates were seated on the caisson. Sergeant Fred Conn and Private M. E. Hobbs were injured, although not very seriously. Conn's left hand was lacerated and left eye and face powder-burned. Hobbs' back was sprained, eyebrows burned and eye slightly injured. Both men are suffering from the shock. Another member of the battery, whose name is not yet learned, is reported missing.

Capt. David Castleman, who was in charge, was riding at the side of the detail. He escaped injury. The caisson contained sixty pounds of powder, enough to fire forty rounds. The cause of the accident is inexplicable. The report that one of the men was smoking is denied by Captain Castleman. Captain Castleman said it was one of those unfortunate accidents that cannot be guarded against. The accident happened about 5.50 o'clock. The battery section was proceeding to Phœnix hill to fire salutes in honor of the G. A. R., and had reached a point between the Avery and Hall residences on Broadway, between Third and Fourth streets, when the accident occurred. The Legion hospital corps was notified at once and hastened to the scene.

Gov. John Young Brown, who was stopping with Maj. George B. Easton, was asleep in bed. The explosion stunned him, and it was some time before he revived. Mrs. Easton was in the bath room at the time. She saw the flash, and was knocked off her feet by the explosion. She was badly stunned, but as soon as she was brought around began ministering to Governor Brown.

TRICHINOSIS.

A Family Poisoned by Eating Diseased Pork

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LA PORTE, IND., September 11.—The family of Charles F. Kruger—father, mother and six children, ranging in age from six to twenty years—were poisoned about a year ago by eating diseased pork, and despite the best medical skill one followed the other to the grave, the last surviving child, Helen, aged six years, dying last night. The physicians pronounced their disease trichinosis. Their bodies were literally alive with parasites.

LIVELY PROCEEDINGS

In the South Carolina Constitutional Convention.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, September 11.—The Constitutional Convention began its session this morning with another rush and there have been some lively proceedings thus far. President Evans announced his standing committees at the opening. Senator Irby is chairman of the Committee on Declaration of Rights and Senator Tillman is in charge of the Committee on Rights of Suffrage, which means, of course, the reporting of the Mississippi plan, with modifications.

The minority has been given a pretty fair representation on the committee. P. L. Melton was appointed assistant secretary, and the other minor officers were also appointed. Mr. Sanderson, of Aiken, offered several new ordinances, one on the suffrage and one on the matter of divorces, which were referred. Attention was called to the fact that the delegates had not taken the constitutional oath, and for three-quarters of an hour things were lively in the extreme. The Convention did not wish to take the oath provided in the old Constitution, and a fight ensued, finally it was decided to do so. When four delegations had been sworn in and President Evans had taken the oath, Senator Tillman submitted that under the same Constitution, if he took that oath he would have to leave the Convention along with all others holding United States offices, for the Constitution distinctly said that no man holding a United States office could hold a State office. This was another office. "We are the people," he said. "We are not officers, but represent the Sovereignty. I cannot take the oath."

Gen. Smalls, the old negro statesman, said the same question had arisen in his case, he being a State Senator and a United States Congressman at the same time. He simply lost his pay while he acted as a State Senator. After a lively running discussion, the Convention referred the matter to the Judiciary Committee to report whether they should take an oath or not, and, if so, to prepare a suitable one. A recess was taken pending this report.

Gen. Smalls told Tillman during his speech that the worst thing that could happen to him would be to lose his pay. Surely Tillman could not be objecting to the oath because he would be losing $18 a day from the Government, while he would get only $3 for serving his own people? The committee, after the recess, reported that the taking of the oath was not necessary, and the report was adopted. All matter in the report in regard to the oath was ordered stricken out. A long fight took place in regard to increasing the per diem of the members from $3, as fixed by the Legislature in the act calling the Convention, to $4. The effort to increase failed. Numerous new ordinances were introduced, one providing a suffrage plan containing the main features of the Mississippi plan with alternative property and other qualifications; another providing a $3,000 property qualification in cities and towns; another providing for divorces for adultrey upon conviction by a jury; another for a reduction of the area of counties to 500 square miles, making the terms of county officials four years, and establishing county courts and providing for the election of county judges.

G. A. R. REUNION.

Thirty Thousand Veterans in the Parade at Louisville.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 11.—Fifty thousand ex-soldiers of the Union army marched through the streets of this Southern city to-day. Before them in advance of the column were two Kentuckians who enlisted in the Confederate service at the outset of hostilities and fought to the last ditch. One bore aloft the Stars and Stripes, the other a silken banner of white, having in its centre a golden dove, in it mouth an olive branch. Thus was typified, "The Emblem of Peace"; the reunion, thirty years after, of the victors and vanquished. Three hundred thousand people lined the streets and windows and house-tops and gave the marching hosts a reception that will be memorable in Grand Army annals, and remembrances of which will be carried by every participant to his last hour. In these great throngs of spectators were tens of thousands of those who fought on the other side, that even to-day speak with pride of the fact that they rallied under the Stars and Bars and wore the gray that was so dear to the Southern hearts. These were the loudest in their plaudits and the most vociferous in joining in the chorus when the strains of "Rally Around the Flag," and other Northern war songs filled the air, and proudly the great unarmed army received the plaudits of their one-time foemen. Rough estimates place the number of men in line at over 80,000. The cheering was incessant from start to finish.

BOB FITZSIMMONS.

His Stake Money to Bind the Match with Corbett Attached by a Creditor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—A motion was make in the Supreme Court before Judge Beekman to-day by M. H. Grossman, of Friend, House & Grossman, to vacate the attachment obtained by the Metropolitan Job Printing house against the $10,000 stake money that is in the hands of P. J. Dwyer as a stake to bind the match of Bob Fitzsimmons, the prize-fighter, against J. J. Corbett. The printing house attached the money on July 9th on a debt that is alleged to be owed them by Fitzsimmons when he was the head of a theatrical company and it was obtained on the ground that Fitzsimmons was a non-resident of the State, his residence being stated as in Newark, N. J. Mr. Grossman made the motion to vacate on the ground that Fitz was a resident of this State, and had been so since May 5th last, when he returned from the road with his company.

The bill of the printing house is $3,078.34, and it is claimed that in any event only $2,500, which is Fitz's own money, can be tied up by the attachment. Judge Beekman reserved his decision.

BASE BALL.

The Record of the Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Washington—Washington 10; Philadelphia 4.
Pittsburg—Pittsburg 6; Cincinnati 2.
Baltimore—Baltimore 3; Brooklyn 3.
New York—New York 9; Boston 5.
Petersburg—Petersburg 12; Roanoke 7. 2nd game—Petersburg 7; Roanoke 4.
Richmond—Richmon 9; Norfolk 11.

United States Consul Barclay has cabled to the State Department from Tangier, Morocco, as follows: "Cholera prevailing here; not yet pronounced Asiatic type. Average mortality six daily."

At the meeting of the Old-timers Telegraphers and Historical Association, in New York city, Pittsburg was selected for the next convention on the second Wednesday of September, 1896.

The Modern Beauty

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant liquid laxative Syrup of Figs.

PENNSYLVANIA

State Democratic Convention—The Platform—Nominations for State Officers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WILLIAMSPORT, Sept 11.—The State Democratic Convention was called to order at 11.10 o'clock by Chairman Robert E. Wright. Ex-State Chairman James A. Stranahan was selected as temporary chairman. The usual committees were announced, and the Convention took a recess. When the Convention re-assembled John M. Gorman, ex-District Attorney, of Luzerne county, was made permanent chairman, and the two other officers of the Convention were made permanent.

The platform declares its faith in the principles of Democracy as formulated by Jefferson and illustrated by Cleveland. It congratulated the American people upon the first fruits of the Democratic Administration, which inherited from its Republican predecessor a bankrupt Treasury and unwise financial legislation, impaired public credit and widespread disaster, and which, under the sagacious, courageous and patriotic leadership of its great President, Grover Cleveland, led the people out of the slough to high, substantial and increasing prosperity.

As vindicating the principles of tariff reform, to which the Democracy is unalterably pledged, we challenge especial attention to the fact that such prosperity and the consequent material increase of wages has been most pronouncad in the industries whose existence our opponents claimed were dependent upon high tariff duties.

We invite the attention of the wage-earners to the fact that the present voluntary increase of wages of those employed in the manufacturing industries, amounting to not less than $35,000,000, was absolutely unknown under the McKinley tariff act. We especially reaffirm so much of the platform of the last Democratic National Convention as calls for the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country; but the dollar unit of coinage of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, or be adjusted by international agreement, or by such safeguards of legislation as shall insure the maintenance of the parity of the two metals, and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the payment of debts. We believe that such parity could not be maintained by the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, and we are therefore opposed to any legislation looking to that end.

The following ticket was nominated: Ex-Congressman Benj. F. Myers, of Harrisburg, for State Treasurer by acclamation; James S. Moorehead, Judge Harman Yerkes, Chas. S. Noyes Smith, Christopher Magee and Judge O. P. Brecktel, for Judges of the Superior Court, and at 8.29 p. m. adjourned *sine die*.

LYNCHERS FOILED.

They Wanted the Hanging of Kit Leftwich to Take Place at Once.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LYNCHBURG, September 11.—A special from Bristol, Tenn., to the *News* says: Fifty special policemen guarded the jail last night where "Kit" Leftwich, the negro rapist, was confined. A mob of three or four hundred men and boys surrounded the building, and looked for a while like they would take the negro out. Judge Rhea ordered the police to fire in case of an outbreak. To-day the negro was tried for the attempted rape on the little Fogarty girl and the jury in a few moments returned with a verdict of guilty with hanging as the penalty. Judge Rhea pronounced sentence and fixed the time of execution October 11th. The mob which still congregated about the court house demanded that he be hanged at once, and would probably have made the attempt but for the speedy conveyance of the negro to the Wytheville, Va., jail.

WARM WIRELETS.

The London *Globe* says the opinion is almost universal that the yacht race ought to be recalled.

The Fall River Manufacturers' Association voted unanimously not to advance the wages of mill operatives.

Rev. J. P. Gammon, pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian Church, Richmond, Va., died yesterday, aged 53 years.

Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer and author, recently elected a member of Parliament, arrived in New York yesterday.

Five persons were killed and a dozen injured in a collision between passenger trains on the Great Northern Railroad, near Ashton, Monn.

A dispatch from Rustchuk says that twenty arrests have been made of persons implicated in or suspected of being connected with a plot to take the life of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria.

In the contest of factions at the meeting of the Republican State Central Committee of Louisiana, Gov. Warmouth is believed to have once more fastened his grip on the party organization in that State.

The Board of Aldermen of Jackson, Miss., adopted a resolution to annul the city contract with the Water Works Co., and to enter suit for $10,000 damages for failure to comply with a contract to furnish pure and wholesome water and in abundance for fire protection.

Registration for the Congressional election in the Tenth Georgia district closed last night. The *Chronicle* figures that J. C. B. Black (Democrat) will defeat Thomas E. Watson (Populist) by fully one thousand majority in the district. The election will be held on October 2nd.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 5 cent per line for each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Lost—On Market or Front street, a chain with gold ball attached studded with pearls. Finder please return to C. C. Chadbourn. sep 12 1t*

A young lady desires a position to teach the usual English branches. French and music. Address with references, etc. Miss Scott, Huguenot, Va. sep 11 2t*

The "Palladium" will come out Friday. One thousand five hundred copies will be distributed gratis. A rare chance for advertisers. sep 10 2t

Notice—The public may not understand the meaning of Craft's hand-bills, but if you will call at his Furniture Store everything will be explained to your satisfaction. His stock of Furniture must be sold at some price to make room for the new Shoe Store of W. C. VonGlahn. Craft, 20 South Front street. sep 10 tf

Salesman wanted to sell the Rapid Dish Washer to the wholesale and retail trade. Washes and dries the dishes in two minutes without wetting the fingers. $75 a week and all expenses. Easy position; no hard work; can make $100 a week. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. sep 10 tf

Tobacco and Cigars—I am retailing Tobacco at 18c per pound and giving three cigars for 5c. I also have the best quality in higher grades of both. Our six for a quarter Cigars can't be beat. Neill McKinnon, Wholesale and Retail Grocer, No. 8 South Water street, Wilmington, N. C. c21

Furnished house for rent—My house, corner Third and Walnut streets. Six rooms, kitchen, pantry and bath room. Modern conveniences. Apply at once to E. S. Tennent. sept 8 3t—su tu th.

For Rent—Two Stores in Sampson building on North Water street, between Princess and Chestnut streets. Apply to D. O'Connor. se 6 tf

For Rent—The Neff Store on South Water street, between Market and Dock. Apply to D. O'Connor. sep 6 tf

Beer on draught and any drink known to American or French Saloonists. Free lunch from eleven a. m. until one o'clock and from five to seven o'clock p. m., at A. P. Levy's French Cafe, Princess street. sep 5 tf

Wanted—A middle aged white woman to do general house work for a small family. Apply at Number 815 Princess street. sep 5 tf

Frank McNeill, Attorney at Law. Office in the Smith building up-stairs, Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. Will practice in this, Richmond, Robeson and adjoining counties. aug 29 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c21

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

New Fall Goods

Are Arriving.

Would call the Ladies' attention to the elegant stock of

IMPORTED NOVELTIES

—IN—

DRESS GOODS

just received, which are now ready for inspection. We are satisfied we can show the most attractive line of Black Goods ever brought to this part of the country, embracing many novelties of this season's productions.

KID GLOVES.

Have made every effort to do the KID GLOVE business of this community, and have just received a large import order given last Spring, in Ladies', Gent's and Children's in the new fall shades. Our $1.00 GLOVE is unexceptional good value.

Agency for Dr. Jaegers'

Woollen Underwear,

the best goods in the world. A complete stock now in store in all the different grades.

Johnson & Fore.

sep 8 tf

For Lady Bicyclers.

We have just received a handsome lot of

Canvas Leggings

in Pearl and Tan colors for Ladies.

Something New

and what every lady who has a Bicycle should have.

Price 75 Cents.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

aug 25 tf

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit.

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and Excellent for Placing Under et Carp s.

LAST THREE WEEKS

OF OUR SALE

PRIOR TO

Removal

—TO—

No. 9 North Front St.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

No. 116 Market St.

CHILDREN'S

Spring and Light Weight Fall

Reefers

$3.50, Worth $5.00.

25 per cent. given off on all

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

ON HAND.

Dress Goods, Bargains.

50c Storm and Surah Serge only 39c a yard.

3,000 yards of New Style and Novelty

Fall Dress Goods,

40 to 50 inches wide, to be sold at only 39c a yard.

100 other bargains in

Wool Dress Goods.

Mourning Dress Goods.

HENRIETTAS,
CASHMERES,
ALBATROSSES

and fancy wares, all below cost prior to removal.

Look at our line of 25c

SILK LACES,

in Black and Cream, worth 50 cents per yard.

Don't miss the sale, only three weeks more.

Katz & Polvogt,

No. 116 Market St.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

sep 8 tf

THE SUN

The first of American Newspapers
CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The American Constitution, the American Idea, the American Spirit. These first, last and all the time, forever.

Daily, by Mail, - - - $6 a year
Daily & Sunday by Mail, $8 a year.
The Weekly, - - - - $1 a year

The Sunday Sun,

Is the the Greatest Sunday Newspaper in the World.

Price 5c. a copy, by Mail, $2 a year.

Address THE SUN,
dec 7 NEW YORK.

Mullets, Mullets.

JUST IN LARGE CONSIGNMENT NEW catch Mullets. Also Flours, Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Baking Powders, &c. Specialties—Cheese, Celery, Crackers, Smoked Herrings, &c. Prices cheerfully given.

B. F. KEITH,
aug 30 tf 130 North Front street.

CASH.

If You Have the Cash

GO TO

Gordon's

SALE OF

DryGoods

Which time has been extended to

15th of September.

Look at Our Prices.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

No. 116 Market St.

Schools and Colleges.

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA,

Charlottesville, Va.

Elective courses leading to the B. S degree in Civil, Mining, or Mechanical Engineering, Chemistry, Natural History, and so on. Well equipped laboratories of Physics, Mechanics, Chemistry and Biology; Astronomical Obervatory, Natural History Museum. For catalogues, address

WM. M. THORNTON, LL. D.,
aug 20 13t tu th sa Chairman.

Cape Fear Academy.

22ND SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 16th. Full course for Business or College. Capable and proficient male teachers. Certificates of school admits pupils to N. C. University. For catalogue &c., apply to W. CATLETT,
sep 1 1m 120 N. Fifth St.

PEACE

Institute for Young Ladies

RALEIGH, N. C.

It is the best. Board, tuition, one music and two hours practice for $175 a year.

JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal.
je 29 3m

St. Mary's School

For Girls,

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

The Advent Term of the Fifty-fifth School Year will begin September 19, 1895. Special attention paid to Physical Culture and Hygiene.

Address the Rector,

Rev. B. SMEDES, A. M.
july 6 2m

J. W. NORWOOD, President. **W. J. TOOMER,** Cashier.

W. C. COKER, Jr., Ass't Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.

Liberal Loans Made on Approved Security at Lowest Rates.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

All Cash Collections remitted for on day of receipt. Accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations solicited. Promptness, accuracy and safety guaranteed.

	July 11, 1893.	July 11, 1894.	July 11, 1895.
Surplus and Net Profits,	$15,988	$39,049	$40,113
Premiums on U. S. Bonds,	4,140	None.	None
Banking House, &c.....	15,500	15,000	13,500
Deposits.....	323,000	470,003	510,000

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent. per annum.

Last installment of capital paid in October, 1892. aug 11 tf

Frank H Stedman, **Jas. S. Worth.**

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

Half-Holiday.

BY Agreement with all other Barbers of the city our shop will close every Friday afternoon at Two o'clock. Our patrons will please take notice, and oblige us by calling on Friday morning.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,
Experts in Barbering,
South Front St.